

# PNP Antibody (Center)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)

Catalog # AW5316

## Product Information

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<b>Application</b>	WB
<b>Primary Accession</b>	<a href="#">P00491</a>
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Predicted</b>	Mouse, Rat
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Clonality</b>	polyclonal
<b>Calculated MW</b>	32118
<b>Isotype</b>	Rabbit IgG
<b>Antigen Source</b>	HUMAN

## Additional Information

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<b>Gene ID</b>	4860
<b>Antigen Region</b>	145-178
<b>Other Names</b>	Purine nucleoside phosphorylase, PNP, Inosine phosphorylase, Inosine-guanosine phosphorylase, PNP, NP
<b>Dilution</b>	WB~~1:1000
<b>Target/Specificity</b>	This PNP antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 145-178 amino acids from the Central region of human PNP.
<b>Format</b>	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.
<b>Storage</b>	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
<b>Precautions</b>	PNP Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## Protein Information

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<b>Name</b>	PNP
<b>Synonyms</b>	NP

<b>Function</b>	Catalyzes the phosphorolytic breakdown of the N-glycosidic bond in the beta-(deoxy)ribonucleoside molecules, with the formation of the corresponding free purine bases and pentose-1-phosphate (PubMed: <a href="#">23438750</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">3029074</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">9305964</a> ). Preferentially acts on 6-oxopurine nucleosides including inosine and guanosine (PubMed: <a href="#">9305964</a> ).
<b>Cellular Location</b>	Cytoplasm, cytosol
<b>Tissue Location</b>	Expressed in red blood cells; overexpressed in red blood cells (cytoplasm) of patients with hereditary non-spherocytic hemolytic anemia of unknown etiology.

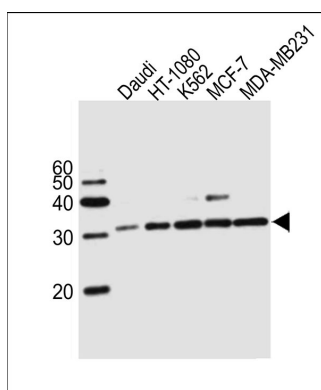
## Background

The purine nucleoside phosphorylases catalyze the phosphorolytic breakdown of the N-glycosidic bond in the beta- (deoxy)ribonucleoside molecules, with the formation of the corresponding free purine bases and pentose-1-phosphate.

## References

- Williams S.R.,et al.Nucleic Acids Res. 12:5779-5787(1984).  
 Williams S.R.,et al.J. Biol. Chem. 262:2332-2338(1987).  
 Yu L.,et al.Enviro. Health Perspect. 111:1421-1427(2003).  
 Ota T.,et al.Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004).  
 Ebert L.,et al.Submitted (MAY-2004) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.

## Images



Western blot analysis of lysates from Daudi,HT-1080,K562,MCF-7,MDA-MB231 cell line (from left to right), using PNP Antibody (Center)(Cat. #AW5316). AW5316 was diluted at 1:1000 at each lane. A goat anti-rabbit IgG H&L(HRP) at 1:10000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody.Lysates at 20ug per lane.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.