

TAF10 Antibody (Center)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AW5214

Product Information

Application WB Primary Accession Q12962

Other Accession Q8K0H5, NP_006275.1

Reactivity Mouse, Human

Predicted Mouse
Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 21711
Isotype Rabbit IgG
Antigen Source HUMAN

Additional Information

Gene ID 6881

Antigen Region 121-150

Other Names TAF10; TAF2A; TAF2H; TAFII30; Transcription initiation factor TFIID subunit 10;

STAF28; Transcription initiation factor TFIID 30 kDa subunit

Dilution WB~~1:1000

Target/Specificity This TAF10 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 121-150 amino acids from the Central

region of human TAF10.

Format Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions TAF10 Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic

or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name TAF10

Synonyms TAF2A, TAF2H, TAFII30

Function

The TFIID basal transcription factor complex plays a major role in the initiation of RNA polymerase II (Pol II)-dependent transcription (PubMed:33795473). TFIID recognizes and binds promoters with or without a TATA box via its subunit TBP, a TATA-box-binding protein, and promotes assembly of the pre-initiation complex (PIC) (PubMed:33795473). The TFIID complex consists of TBP and TBP-associated factors (TAFs), including TAF1, TAF2, TAF3, TAF4, TAF5, TAF6, TAF7, TAF8, TAF9, TAF10, TAF11, TAF12 and TAF13 (PubMed:33795473). TAF10 is also component of the PCAF histone acetylase complex, the TATA-binding protein-free TAF complex (TFTC) and the STAGA transcription coactivator-HAT complex (PubMed:10373431, PubMed:11564863, PubMed:12601814, PubMed:18206972, PubMed:9885574). May regulate cyclin E expression (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Nucleus

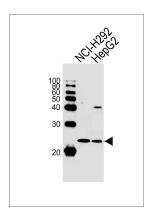
Background

Initiation of transcription by RNA polymerase II requires the activities of more than 70 polypeptides. The protein that coordinates these activities is transcription factor IID (TFIID), which binds to the core promoter to position the polymerase properly, serves as the scaffold for assembly of the remainder of the transcription complex, and acts as a channel for regulatory signals. TFIID is composed of the TATA-binding protein (TBP) and a group of evolutionarily conserved proteins known as TBP-associated factors or TAFs. TAFs may participate in basal transcription, serve as coactivators, function in promoter recognition or modify general transcription factors (GTFs) to facilitate complex assembly and transcription initiation. This gene encodes one of the small subunits of TFIID that is associated with a subset of TFIID complexes. Studies with human and mammalian cells have shown that this subunit is required for transcriptional activation by the estrogen receptor, for progression through the cell cycle, and may also be required for certain cellular differentiation programs.

References

Egloff, S., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 285(27):20564-20569(2010) Ma, Y., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 285(13):9813-9822(2010) Zhao, Y., et al. Mol. Cell 29(1):92-101(2008) Hao, H., et al. Oncogene 26(57):7872-7884(2007) Couture, J.F., et al. Nat. Struct. Mol. Biol. 13(2):140-146(2006)

Images



Western blot analysis of lysates from NCI-H292,HepG2 cell line (from left to right), using TAF10 Antibody (Center)(Cat. #AW5214). AW5214 was diluted at 1:1000 at each lane. A goat anti-rabbit IgG H&L(HRP) at 1:10000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.