

ICT1 Antibody (C-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AW5108

Product Information

Application IHC-P, WB **Primary Accession** Q14197 Reactivity Human Host Rabbit Clonality Polyclonal Calculated MW 23630 Isotype Rabbit IgG **Antigen Source** Human

Additional Information

Gene ID 3396

Antigen Region 153-179

Other Names ICT1;DS1; Peptidyl-tRNA hydrolase ICT1, mitochondrial; Peptidyl-tRNA

hydrolase ICT1, mitochondrial; Digestion substraction 1; Peptidyl-tRNA hydrolase ICT1, mitochondrial; Immature colon carcinoma transcript 1

protein

Dilution IHC-P~~1:100~500 WB~~1:1000

Target/Specificity This ICT1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 153-179 amino acids from the

C-terminal region of human ICT1.

Format Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions ICT1 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic

or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name MRPL58 (HGNC:5359)

Synonyms DS1, ICT1

Function

Essential peptidyl-tRNA hydrolase component of the mitochondrial large ribosomal subunit (PubMed:20186120, PubMed:33878294). Acts as a codon-independent translation release factor that has lost all stop codon specificity and directs the termination of translation in mitochondrion, possibly in case of abortive elongation (PubMed:33878294). Involved in the hydrolysis of peptidyl-tRNAs that have been prematurely terminated and thus in the recycling of stalled mitochondrial ribosomes (PubMed:20186120, PubMed:33878294).

Cellular Location Mitochondrion

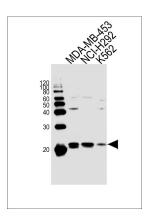
Tissue Location Down-regulated during the in vitro differentiation of HT29-D4 colon

carcinoma cells.

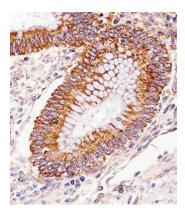
Background

Essential peptidyl-tRNA hydrolase component of the mitochondrial large ribosomal subunit. Acts as a codon-independent translation release factor that has lost all stop codon specificity and directs the termination of translation in mitochondrion, possibly in case of abortive elongation. May be involved in the hydrolysis of peptidyl-tRNAs that have been prematurely terminated and thus in the recycling of stalled mitochondrial ribosomes.

Images

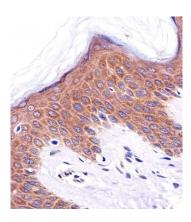


Western blot analysis of lysates from MDA-MB-453,NCI-H292,K562 cell line (from left to right), using ICT1 Antibody (C-term)(Cat. #AW5108). AW5108 was diluted at 1:1000 at each lane. A goat anti-rabbit IgG H&L(HRP) at 1:10000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody.Lysates at 20ug per lane.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded H. colorectal carcinoma section using ICT1 Antibody (C-term)(Cat#AW5108). AW5108 was diluted at 1:25 dilution. A undiluted biotinylated goat polyvalent antibody was used as the secondary, followed by DAB staining.

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded H. skin section using ICT1 Antibody (C-term)(Cat#AW5108). AW5108 was diluted at 1:25 dilution. A undiluted biotinylated goat polyvalent antibody was used as the secondary, followed by DAB staining.



Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.