

# Anti-LOXL2 Reference Antibody (simtuzumab)

Recombinant Antibody  
Catalog # APR10132

## Product Information

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Application	FC, Kinetics, Animal Model
Primary Accession	<a href="#">Q9Y4K0</a>
Reactivity	Human
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	IgG4
Calculated MW	86725

## Additional Information

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Target/Specificity	LOXL2
Endotoxin Conjugation	Unconjugated
Expression system	CHO Cell
Format	Purified monoclonal antibody supplied in PBS, pH6.0, without preservative. This antibody is purified through a protein A column.

## Protein Information

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Name	LOXL2
Function	<p>Mediates the post-translational oxidative deamination of lysine residues on target proteins leading to the formation of deaminated lysine (allysine) (PubMed:<a href="#">27735137</a>). Acts as a transcription corepressor and specifically mediates deamination of trimethylated 'Lys-4' of histone H3 (H3K4me3), a specific tag for epigenetic transcriptional activation (PubMed:<a href="#">27735137</a>). Shows no activity against histone H3 when it is trimethylated on 'Lys-9' (H3K9me3) or 'Lys-27' (H3K27me3) or when 'Lys-4' is monomethylated (H3K4me1) or dimethylated (H3K4me2) (PubMed:<a href="#">27735137</a>). Also mediates deamination of methylated TAF10, a member of the transcription factor IID (TFIID) complex, which induces release of TAF10 from promoters, leading to inhibition of TFIID-dependent transcription (PubMed:<a href="#">25959397</a>).</p> <p>LOXL2-mediated deamination of TAF10 results in transcriptional repression of genes required for embryonic stem cell pluripotency including POU5F1/OCT4, NANOG, KLF4 and SOX2 (By similarity). Involved in epithelial to mesenchymal transition (EMT) via interaction with SNAI1 and participates in repression of E-cadherin CDH1, probably by mediating deamination of histone H3 (PubMed:<a href="#">16096638</a>, PubMed:<a href="#">24414204</a>, PubMed:<a href="#">27735137</a>). During EMT, involved with SNAI1 in negatively regulating pericentromeric heterochromatin transcription (PubMed:<a href="#">24239292</a>). SNAI1 recruits LOXL2 to pericentromeric</p>

regions to oxidize histone H3 and repress transcription which leads to release of heterochromatin component CBX5/HP1A, enabling chromatin reorganization and acquisition of mesenchymal traits (PubMed:[24239292](#)). Interacts with the endoplasmic reticulum protein HSPA5 which activates the IRE1-XBP1 pathway of the unfolded protein response, leading to expression of several transcription factors involved in EMT and subsequent EMT induction (PubMed:[28332555](#)). Involved in E-cadherin repression following hypoxia, a hallmark of EMT believed to amplify tumor aggressiveness, suggesting that it may play a role in tumor progression (PubMed:[20026874](#)). When secreted into the extracellular matrix, promotes cross-linking of extracellular matrix proteins by mediating oxidative deamination of peptidyl lysine residues in precursors to fibrous collagen and elastin (PubMed:[20306300](#)). Acts as a regulator of sprouting angiogenesis, probably via collagen IV scaffolding (PubMed:[21835952](#)). Acts as a regulator of chondrocyte differentiation, probably by regulating expression of factors that control chondrocyte differentiation (By similarity).

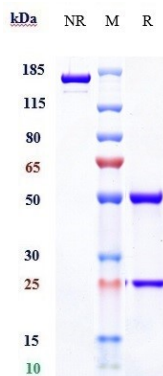
## Cellular Location

Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix, basement membrane. Nucleus. Chromosome. Endoplasmic reticulum. Note=Associated with chromatin (PubMed:[27735137](#)). It is unclear how LOXL2 is nuclear as it contains a signal sequence and has been shown to be secreted (PubMed:[23319596](#)) However, a number of reports confirm its intracellular location and its key role in transcription regulation (PubMed:[22204712](#), PubMed:[22483618](#)).

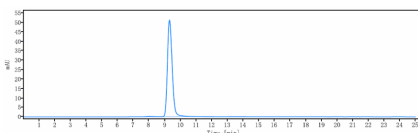
## Tissue Location

Expressed in many tissues (PubMed:[10212285](#)). Highest expression in reproductive tissues, placenta, uterus and prostate (PubMed:[10212285](#)). In esophageal epithelium, expressed in the basal, prickle and granular cell layers (PubMed:[22204712](#)). Up-regulated in a number of cancers cells and tissues.

## Images

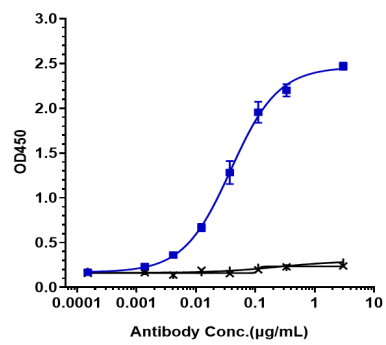


Anti-LOXL2 Reference Antibody (simtuzumab) on SDS-PAGE under reducing (R) condition. The gel was stained with Coomassie Blue. The purity of the protein is greater than 95%



The purity of Anti-LOXL2 Reference Antibody (simtuzumab) is more than 99.41%, determined by SEC-HPLC.

Immobilized human LOXL2 His at 2  $\mu\text{g/mL}$  can bind Anti-LOXL2 Reference Antibody (simtuzumab),  $\text{EC}_{50}=0.03857 \mu\text{g/mL}$



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