

DKK1 Antibody (N-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)

Catalog # AP9599a

Product Information

Application	WB, E
Primary Accession	O94907
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Clone Names	RB21368
Calculated MW	28672
Antigen Region	58-84

Additional Information

Gene ID	22943
Other Names	Dickkopf-related protein 1, Dickkopf-1, Dkk-1, hDkk-1, SK, DKK1
Target/Specificity	This DKK1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 58-84 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human DKK1.
Dilution	WB~~1:500 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Format	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	DKK1 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	DKK1
Function	Antagonizes canonical Wnt signaling by inhibiting LRP5/6 interaction with Wnt and by forming a ternary complex with the transmembrane protein KREMEN that promotes internalization of LRP5/6 (PubMed: 22000856). DKKs play an important role in vertebrate development, where they locally inhibit Wnt regulated processes such as antero-posterior axial patterning, limb

development, somitogenesis and eye formation. In the adult, Dkks are implicated in bone formation and bone disease, cancer and Alzheimer disease (PubMed:[17143291](#)). Inhibits the pro-apoptotic function of KREMEN1 in a Wnt-independent manner, and has anti-apoptotic activity (By similarity).

Cellular Location Secreted.

Tissue Location Placenta.

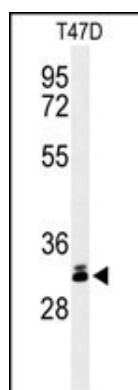
Background

DKK1 is a protein that is a member of the dickkopf family. It is a secreted protein with two cysteine rich regions and is involved in embryonic development through its inhibition of the WNT signaling pathway. Elevated levels of DKK1 in bone marrow plasma and peripheral blood is associated with the presence of osteolytic bone lesions in patients with multiple myeloma.

References

Piters, E., et al. Calcif. Tissue Int. 86(4):271-281(2010)
Bourhis, E., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 285(12):9172-9179(2010)

Images



Western blot analysis of DKK1 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP9599a) in T47D cell line lysates (35ug/lane). DKK1 (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.