

Keratin 17 Recombinant Rabbit mAb

Keratin 17 Recombinant Rabbit mAb Catalog # AP94377

Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, ICC

Host Rabbit
Clonality Recombinant
Physical State Liquid
Isotype IgG

Purity affinity purified by Protein A

Buffer 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

SUBCELLULAR LOCATION Cytoplasm.

SIMILARITY Belongs to the intermediate filament family.

SUBUNIT Heterodimer of a type I and a type II keratin. KRT17 associates with KRT6

isomers. Interacts with TRADD and SFN.

DISEASE Defects in KRT17 are a cause of pachyonychia congenital type 2 (PC2)

[MIM:167210]; also known as pachyonychia congenital Jackson-Lawler type. PC2 is an autosomal dominant ectodermal dysplasia characterized by hypertrophic nail dystrophy resulting in onchyogryposis (thickening and increase in curvature of the nail), palmoplantar keratoderma and hyperhidrosis, follicular hyperkeratosis, multiple epidermal cysts,

absent/sparse eyebrow and body hair, and by the presence of natal teeth. Defects in KRT17 are a cause of steatocystoma multiplex (SM) [MIM:184500].

SM is a disease characterized by round or oval cystic tumors widely distributed on the back, anterior trunk, arms, scrotum, and thighs.

Note=KRT16 and KRT17 are coexpressed only in pathological situations such as metaplasias and carcinomas of the uterine cervix and in psoriasis vulgaris. This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in

human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Background Descriptions The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the keratin family. The

keratins are intermediate filament proteins responsible for the structural integrity of epithelial cells and are subdivided into cytokeratins and hair keratins. The type I cytokeratins consist of acidic proteins which are arranged in pairs of heterotypic keratin chains. Unlike its related family members, this smallest known acidic cytokeratin is not paired with a basic cytokeratin in epithelial cells. It is specifically expressed in the periderm, the transiently superficial layer that envelopes the developing epidermis. The type I cytokeratins are clustered in a region of chromosome 17q12-q21. This gene encodes the type I intermediate filament chain keratin 17, expressed in nail

bed, hair follicle, sebaceous glands, and other epidermal appendages. Mutations in this gene lead to Jackson-Lawler type pachyonychia congenita

and steatocystoma multiplex. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2008].

Additional Information

Important Note

Target/Specificity Expressed in the outer root sheath and medulla region of hair follicle

specifically from eyebrow and beard, digital pulp, nail matrix and nail bed epithelium, mucosal stratified squamous epithelia and in basal cells of oral epithelium, palmoplantar epidermis and sweat and mammary glands. Also expressed in myoepithelium of prostate, basal layer of urinary bladder, cambial cells of sebaceous gland and in exocervix (at protein level).

Dilution WB=1:1000-1:5000,IHC-P=1:100-500,IHC-F=1:100-500,ICC/IF=1:50-1:100,IF=0

Format 0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce

Storage Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When

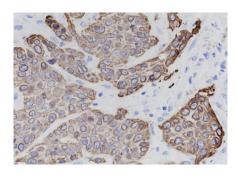
reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody

is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

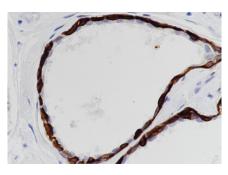
Background

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

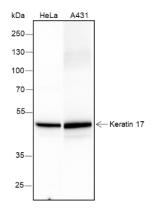
Images



Tissue: Human cervical carcinoma Section type: Formalin fixed & Paraffin -embedded section Retrieval method: High temperature and high pressure Retrieval buffer: Tris/EDTA buffer, pH 9.0 Primary ab dilution: 1:1000 Primary ab incubation condition: 1 hour at room temperature Counter stain: Hematoxylin Comment: Color brown is the positive signal for AP94377



Tissue: Human prostate hyperplasia Section type: Formalin fixed & Paraffin -embedded section Retrieval method: High temperature and high pressure Retrieval buffer: Tris/EDTA buffer, pH 9.0 Primary ab dilution: 1:1000 Primary incubation condition: 1 hour at room temperature Counter stain: Hematoxylin Comment: Color brown is the positive signal for AP94377



Blocking buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST Primary ab dilution: 1:5000 Primary ab incubation condition: 2 hours at room temperature Lysate: HeLa, A431 Protein loading quantity: 20 µg Exposure time: 15 s Predicted MW: 48 kDa Observed MW: 48 kDa

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.