

# ASH1L Rabbit pAb

ASH1L Rabbit pAb Catalog # AP94295

#### **Product Information**

**Application** IHC-P, IHC-F, IF

Primary Accession
Reactivity
Human
Host
Clonality
Polyclonal
Calculated MW
Physical State
Q9NR48
Human
Rabbit
Polyclonal
332790
Liquid

Immunogen KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human ASH1L

Epitope Specificity 1985-2060/2969

**Isotype** IgG

**Purity** affinity purified by Protein A

**Buffer** 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

**SUBCELLULAR LOCATION** Nucleus. Cell junction, tight junction. Chromosome (Probable). Note=The

relevance of tight junction localization is however unclear.

**SIMILARITY** Belongs to the histone-lysine methyltransferase family. SET2 subfamily.

Contains 3 A.T hook DNA-binding domains. Contains 1 AWS domain. Contains 1 BAH domain. Contains 1 bromo domain. Contains 1 PHD-type zinc finger.

Contains 1 post-SET domain. Contains 1 SET domain.

**Important Note**This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in

human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

**Background Descriptions** ASH1L is a 2,969 amino acid protein encoded by the human gene ASH1L.

ASH1L belongs to the histone-lysine methyltransferase family (SET2 subfamily) and contains three AT hook DNA-binding domains, one AWS domain, one BAH domain, one bromodomain, one PHD-type zinc finger, one post-SET domain and one SET domain. It is a widely expressed nuclear protein with highest expression found in brain, heart and kidney. ASH1L is a histone methyltransferase and is believed to methylate 'Lys-4' of Histone H3, which is

a specific tag for epigenetic transcriptional activation.

### **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 55870

Other Names Histone-lysine N-methyltransferase ASH1L, 2.1.1.359, 2.1.1.367, ASH1-like

protein, huASH1, Absent small and homeotic disks protein 1 homolog, Lysine

N-methyltransferase 2H, ASH1L, KIAA1420, KMT2H

**Target/Specificity** Widely expressed, with highest level in brain, heart and kidney.

**Dilution** IHC-P=1:100-500,IHC-F=1:100-500,IF=1:100-500

Format 0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce

**Storage** Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When

reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody

is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

### **Protein Information**

Name ASH1L

Synonyms KIAA1420, KMT2H

**Function** Histone methyltransferase specifically trimethylating 'Lys- 36' of histone H3

forming H3K36me3 (PubMed:<u>21239497</u>). Also monomethylates 'Lys-9' of histone H3 (H3K9me1) in vitro (By similarity). The physiological significance of

the H3K9me1 activity is unclear (By similarity).

**Cellular Location** Nucleus. Cell junction, tight junction. Chromosome. Note=The relevance of

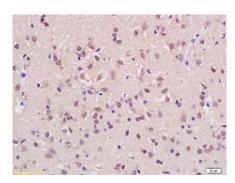
tight junction localization is however unclear.

**Tissue Location** Widely expressed, with highest level in brain, heart and kidney.

## **Background**

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## **Images**



Tissue/cell: rat brain tissue; 4% Paraformaldehyde-fixed and paraffin-embedded; Antigen retrieval: citrate buffer (0.01M, pH 6.0), Boiling bathing for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% Hydrogen peroxide for 30min; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum,C-0005) at 37°C for 20 min; Incubation: Anti-KMT2H/ASH1L Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated(AP94295) 1:200, overnight at 4°C, followed by conjugation to the secondary antibody(SP-0023) and DAB(C-0010) staining

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.