

DRD2 Rabbit pAb

DRD2 Rabbit pAb Catalog # AP94090

Product Information

Application WB, E **Primary Accession** P14416

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat Predicted Dog, Horse, Rabbit, Sheep

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 50619
Physical State Liquid

Immunogen KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human DRD2

Epitope Specificity 1-100/443 **Isotype** IgG

Purity affinity purified by Protein A

Buffer 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

SUBCELLULAR LOCATION Cell membrane.

SIMILARITY Belongs to the G-protein coupled receptor 1 family.

DISEASEDefects in DRD2 are associated with dystonia type 11 (DYT11) [MIM:159900];

also known as alcohol-responsive dystonia. DYT11 is a myoclonic dystonia. Dystonia is defined by the presence of sustained involuntary muscle contractions, often leading to abnormal postures. DYT11 is characterized by involuntary lightning jerks and dystonic movements and postures alleviated.

involuntary lightning jerks and dystonic movements and postures alleviated by alcohol. Inheritance is autosomal dominant. The age of onset, pattern of body involvement, presence of myoclonus and response to alcohol are all

variable.

Important Note This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in

human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Background Descriptions This gene encodes the D2 subtype of the dopamine receptor. This G-protein

coupled receptor inhibits adenylyl cyclase activity. A missense mutation in this gene causes myoclonus dystonia; other mutations have been associated with schizophrenia. Alternative splicing of this gene results in two transcript variants encoding different isoforms. A third variant has been described, but it has not been determined whether this form is normal or due to aberrant

splicing. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Additional Information

Gene ID 1813

Other Names D(2) dopamine receptor, Dopamine D2 receptor, DRD2

Dilution WB=1:500-2000,ELISA=1:5000-10000

Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

Protein Information

Name DRD2

Function Dopamine receptor whose activity is mediated by G proteins which inhibit

adenylyl cyclase (PubMed:<u>21645528</u>). Positively regulates postnatal regression of retinal hyaloid vessels via suppression of VEGFR2/KDR activity, downstream

of OPN5 (By similarity).

Cellular Location Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Golgi apparatus membrane;

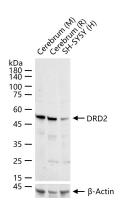
Multi-pass membrane protein

Tissue Location [Isoform 1]: Expressed in the anterior pituitary gland.

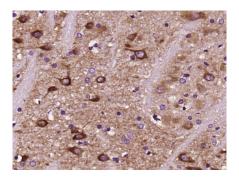
Background

This gene encodes the D2 subtype of the dopamine receptor. This G-protein coupled receptor inhibits adenylyl cyclase activity. A missense mutation in this gene causes myoclonus dystonia; other mutations have been associated with schizophrenia. Alternative splicing of this gene results in two transcript variants encoding different isoforms. A third variant has been described, but it has not been determined whether this form is normal or due to aberrant splicing. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Images

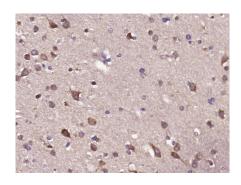


25 ug total protein per lane of various lysates (see on figure) probed with DRD2 polyclonal antibody, unconjugated (AP94090) at 1:1000 dilution and 4°C overnight incubation. Followed by conjugated secondary antibody incubation at r.t. for 60 min.



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (Rat brain); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (Dopamine D2 Receptor) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (AP94090) at 1:400 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.

Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (Human glioma); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer



(normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (Dopamine D2 Receptor) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (AP94090) at 1:400 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.