

TUBA3E (Tubulin alpha 3e) (13E8) Mouse Monoclonal antibody

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Product Information

Application WB
Primary Accession Q6PEY2

Reactivity Rat, Human, Mouse **Clonality** Monoclonal

Calculated MW 49859

Additional Information

Gene ID 112714

Other Names Tubulin alpha-3E chain, 3.6.5.-, Alpha-tubulin 3E, Detyrosinated tubulin

alpha-3E chain, TUBA3E

Dilution WB~~1:1000

Storage Conditions -20°C

Protein Information

Name TUBA3E

Function Tubulin is the major constituent of microtubules, a cylinder consisting of

laterally associated linear protofilaments composed of alpha- and

beta-tubulin heterodimers. Microtubules grow by the addition of GTP-tubulin dimers to the microtubule end, where a stabilizing cap forms. Below the cap,

tubulin dimers are in GDP-bound state, owing to GTPase activity of

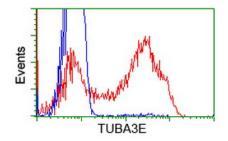
alpha-tubulin.

Cellular Location Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton.

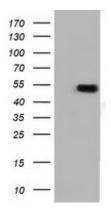
Background

Tubulin is the major constituent of microtubules. It binds two moles of GTP, one at an exchangeable site on the beta chain and one at a non-exchangeable site on the alpha-chain (By similarity).

Images



HEK293T cells transfected with either overexpress plasmid (Red) or empty vector control plasmid (Blue) were immunostained by anti-TUBA3E antibody (AP93916), and then analyzed by flow cytometry.



HEK293T cells were transfected with the pCMV6-ENTRY control (Left lane) or pCMV6-ENTRY TUBA3E (Right lane) cDNA for 48 hrs and lysed. Equivalent amounts of cell lysates (5 ug per lane) were separated by SDS-PAGE and immunoblotted with anti-TUBA3E. Positive lysates (100ug) and (20ug) can be purchased separately from biodragon.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.