

TYRP1 (7011) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody

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Product Information

Application WB, IHC, IF, FC, ICC
Primary Accession P17643, P07147
Reactivity Human, Mouse
Clonality Monoclonal
Calculated MW 60724

Additional Information

Gene ID 7306

Dilution WB~~1:1000 IHC~~1:100~500 IF~~1:50~200 FC~~1:10~50 ICC~~N/A

Storage Conditions -20°C

Protein Information

Name TYRP1 (HGNC:12450)

Function Plays a role in melanin biosynthesis (PubMed: 16704458, PubMed: 22556244,

PubMed:23504663). Catalyzes the oxidation of 5,6-

dihydroxyindole-2-carboxylic acid (DHICA) into indole-5,6-quinone-2-

carboxylic acid in the presence of bound Cu(2+) ions, but not in the presence of Zn(2+) (PubMed:<u>28661582</u>). May regulate or influence the type of melanin synthesized (PubMed:<u>16704458</u>, PubMed:<u>22556244</u>). Also to a lower extent, capable of hydroxylating tyrosine and producing melanin (By similarity).

Cellular Location Melanosome membrane {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:P07147}; Single-pass type

I membrane protein {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:P07147}. Note=Located to mature stage III and IV melanosomes and apposed endosomal tubular membranes. Transported to pigmented melanosomes by the BLOC-1

complex. Proper trafficking to melanosome is regulated by SGSM2, ANKRD27,

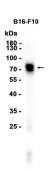
RAB9A, RAB32 and RAB38 {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:P07147}

Tissue Location Pigment cells.

Background

This gene encodes a melanosomal enzyme that belongs to the tyrosinase family and plays an important role in the melanin biosynthetic pathway. Defects in this gene are the cause of rufous oculocutaneous albinism and oculocutaneous albinism type III. [provided by RefSeq, Mar 2009]

Images



Western blot analysis of extracts from B16-F10 cells using AP93772 at 1:5000.

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