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AMPA Receptor 4 (GluA 4) (2F9) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody

AMPA Receptor 4 (GluA 4) (2F9) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody Catalog # AP93742

Product Information

Application WB, FC

Primary Accession P48058, Q9Z2W8, P19493
Reactivity Rat, Human, Mouse
Clonality Monoclonal

Clonality Monoclona
Calculated MW 100871

Additional Information

Gene ID 2893

Dilution WB~~1:1000 FC~~1:10~50

Storage Conditions -20°C

Protein Information

Cellular Location

Name GRIA4 {ECO:0000303 | PubMed:29220673, ECO:0000312 | HGNC:HGNC:4574}

Function Ionotropic glutamate receptor that functions as a ligand- gated cation

channel, gated by L-glutamate and glutamatergic agonists such as

alpha-amino-3-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-isoxazolepropionic acid (AMPA), quisqualic

acid, and kainic acid (By similarity). L-glutamate acts as an excitatory

neurotransmitter at many synapses in the central nervous system and plays an important role in fast excitatory synaptic transmission (By similarity).

Binding of the excitatory neurotransmitter L-glutamate induces a

conformation change, leading to the opening of the cation channel, and thereby converts the chemical signal to an electrical impulse upon entry of monovalent and divalent cations such as sodium and calcium. The receptor then desensitizes rapidly and enters a transient inactive state, characterized by the presence of bound agonist (By similarity). In the presence of CACNG8, shows resensitization which is characterized by a delayed accumulation of

current flux upon continued application of L-glutamate (PubMed:<u>21172611</u>).

Cell membrane {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:P19493}; Multi-pass membrane protein {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:P19493} Postsynaptic cell membrane {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:P19493}; Multi-pass membrane protein {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:P19493}. Cell projection, dendrite

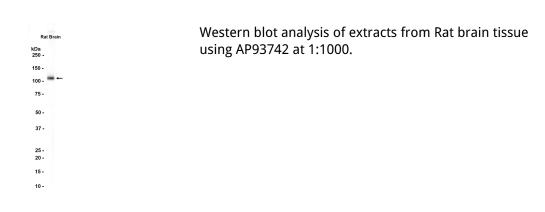
{ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:P19493}. Postsynaptic cell membrane {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:P42262}; Multi-pass membrane protein

{ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:P42262}

Background

Glutamate receptors are the predominant excitatory neurotransmitter receptors in the mammalian brain and are activated in a variety of normal neurophysiologic processes. These receptors are heteromeric protein complexes composed of multiple subunits, arranged to form ligand-gated ion channels. The classification of glutamate receptors is based on their activation by different pharmacologic agonists. The subunit encoded by this gene belongs to a family of AMPA (alpha-amino-3-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-isoxazole propionate)-sensitive glutamate receptors, and is subject to RNA editing (AGA->GGA; R->G). Alternative splicing of this gene results in transcript variants encoding different isoforms, which may vary in their signal transduction properties. Some haplotypes of this gene show a positive association with schizophrenia. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Images



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