

# PHD3 Antibody

Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP92714

## Product Information

<b>Application</b>	WB, IF, ICC, IP
<b>Primary Accession</b>	<a href="#">Q9H6Z9</a>
<b>Reactivity</b>	Rat, Human, Mouse
<b>Clonality</b>	Monoclonal
<b>Other Names</b>	Egl nine homolog 3; EGLN3; Factor responsive smooth muscle protein; HIF Prolyl Hydroxylase 3; HIFP4H3; HIFPH3; P4H3; PHD3; SM20;
<b>Isotype</b>	Rabbit IgG
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Calculated MW</b>	27261

## Additional Information

<b>Dilution</b>	WB 1:500~1:2000 ICC/IF 1:50~1:200 IP 1:50
<b>Purification</b>	Affinity-chromatography
<b>Immunogen</b>	A synthesized peptide derived from human PHD3
<b>Description</b>	Catalyzes the post-translational formation of 4-hydroxyproline in hypoxia-inducible factor (HIF) alpha proteins. Hydroxylates HIF-1 alpha at 'Pro-564', and HIF-2 alpha. Functions as a cellular oxygen sensor and, under normoxic conditions, targets HIF through the hydroxylation for proteasomal degradation via the von Hippel-Lindau ubiquitination complex.
<b>Storage Condition and Buffer</b>	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

## Protein Information

<b>Name</b>	EGLN3 {ECO:0000303   PubMed:16098468, ECO:0000312   HGNC:HGNC:14661}
<b>Function</b>	Prolyl hydroxylase that mediates hydroxylation of proline residues in target proteins, such as PKM, TELO2, ATF4 and HIF1A (PubMed: <a href="#">19584355</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">20978507</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">21483450</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">21575608</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">21620138</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">22797300</a> ). Target proteins are preferentially recognized via a LXXLAP motif. Cellular oxygen sensor that catalyzes, under normoxic conditions, the post-translational formation of 4- hydroxyproline in hypoxia-inducible factor (HIF) alpha proteins (PubMed: <a href="#">11595184</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">12181324</a> ). Hydroxylates a specific proline found in each of the oxygen-dependent degradation (ODD) domains (N- terminal, NODD, and C-terminal, CODD) of HIF1A (PubMed: <a href="#">11595184</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">12181324</a> ). Also hydroxylates HIF2A (PubMed: <a href="#">11595184</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">12181324</a> ). Has a preference for the CODD site for both HIF1A and HIF2A (PubMed: <a href="#">11595184</a> ,

PubMed:[12181324](#)). Hydroxylation on the NODD site by EGLN3 appears to require prior hydroxylation on the CODD site (PubMed:[11595184](#), PubMed:[12181324](#)). Hydroxylated HIFs are then targeted for proteasomal degradation via the von Hippel-Lindau ubiquitination complex (PubMed:[11595184](#), PubMed:[12181324](#)). Under hypoxic conditions, the hydroxylation reaction is attenuated allowing HIFs to escape degradation resulting in their translocation to the nucleus, heterodimerization with HIF1B, and increased expression of hypoxia- inducible genes (PubMed:[11595184](#), PubMed:[12181324](#)). ELGN3 is the most important isozyme in limiting physiological activation of HIFs (particularly HIF2A) in hypoxia. Also hydroxylates PKM in hypoxia, limiting glycolysis (PubMed:[21483450](#), PubMed:[21620138](#)). Under normoxia, hydroxylates and regulates the stability of ADRB2 (PubMed:[19584355](#)). Regulator of cardiomyocyte and neuronal apoptosis. In cardiomyocytes, inhibits the anti-apoptotic effect of BCL2 by disrupting the BAX-BCL2 complex (PubMed:[20849813](#)). In neurons, has a NGF-induced proapoptotic effect, probably through regulating CASP3 activity (PubMed:[16098468](#)). Also essential for hypoxic regulation of neutrophilic inflammation (PubMed:[21317538](#)). Plays a crucial role in DNA damage response (DDR) by hydroxylating TEL2, promoting its interaction with ATR which is required for activation of the ATR/CHK1/p53 pathway (PubMed:[22797300](#)). Also mediates hydroxylation of ATF4, leading to decreased protein stability of ATF4 (Probable).

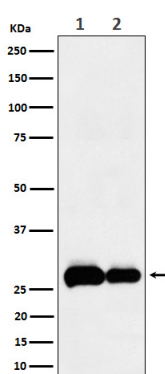
#### Cellular Location

Nucleus. Cytoplasm Note=Colocalizes with WDR83 in the cytoplasm {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q62630}

#### Tissue Location

Widely expressed at low levels. Expressed at higher levels in adult heart (cardiac myocytes, aortic endothelial cells and coronary artery smooth muscle), lung and placenta, and in fetal spleen, heart and skeletal muscle. Also expressed in pancreas. Localized to pancreatic acini and islet cells.

## Images



Western blot analysis of PHD3 expression in (1) A549 cell lysate; (2) NIH/3T3 cell lysate.

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