

DCX Antibody

Rabbit mAb Catalog # AP91052

Product Information

Application WB, FC **Primary Accession** 043602

Reactivity Rat, Human, Mouse

Clonality Monoclonal

Other Names DCX; DBCN; DC; LISX; SCLH; XLIS; Doublin; doublecortin;

IsotypeRabbit IgGHostRabbitCalculated MW40574

Additional Information

Dilution WB 1:500~1:2000 FC 1:50~1:200 **Purification** Affinity-chromatography

Immunogen A synthesized peptide derived from human DCX

Description Mutations in Doublecortin cause Lissencephaly (smooth brain), a neuronal

migration disorder characterized by epilepsy and mental retardation.

Doublecortin is a microtubule associated protein that stabilizes and bundles microtubules. A conserved doublecortin domain mediates the interaction

with microtubules, and interestingly most missense mutations cluster in this

domain.

Storage Condition and Buffer Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium

azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term.

Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

Protein Information

Name DCX

Synonyms DBCN, LISX

Function Microtubule-associated protein required for initial steps of neuronal

dispersion and cortex lamination during cerebral cortex development. May act by competing with the putative neuronal protein kinase DCLK1 in binding to a target protein. May in that way participate in a signaling pathway that is crucial for neuronal interaction before and during migration, possibly as part of a calcium ion-dependent signal transduction pathway. May be part with PAFAH1B1/LIS-1 of overlapping, but distinct, signaling pathways that promote

neuronal migration.

Cellular Location Cytoplasm. Cell projection, neuron projection

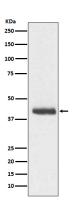
{ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q9ESI7}. Note=Localizes at neurite tips.

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Tissue Location

Highly expressed in neuronal cells of fetal brain (in the majority of cells of the cortical plate, intermediate zone and ventricular zone), but not expressed in other fetal tissues. In the adult, highly expressed in the brain frontal lobe, but very low expression in other regions of brain, and not detected in heart, placenta, lung, liver, skeletal muscles, kidney and pancreas

Images



Western blot analysis of DCX expression in C6 cell lysate.

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