

# MAP2K2 Antibody (S222)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP7961e

#### **Product Information**

**Application** WB, IHC-P, E **Primary Accession** P36507

Other Accession P36506, Q63932, Q90891, Q05116, Q01986, P29678, P31938, Q02750, Q63980

<u>, Q24324</u>

**Reactivity** Human, Rat, Mouse

**Predicted** Drosophila, Hamster, Mouse, Rabbit, Rat, Xenopus, Chicken

HostRabbitClonalityPolyclonalIsotypeRabbit IgGClone NamesRB12322Calculated MW44424Antigen Region200-229

#### **Additional Information**

Gene ID 5605

**Other Names** Dual specificity mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase 2, MAP kinase kinase

2, MAPKK 2, ERK activator kinase 2, MAPK/ERK kinase 2, MEK 2, MAP2K2,

MEK2, MKK2, PRKMK2

**Target/Specificity** This MAP2K2 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 200-229 amino acids from human

MAP2K2.

**Dilution** WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:100~500 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

**Format** Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

**Storage** Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions** MAP2K2 Antibody (S222) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic

or therapeutic procedures.

#### **Protein Information**

Name MAP2K2

Synonyms MEK2, MKK2, PRKMK2

**Function** Catalyzes the concomitant phosphorylation of a threonine and a tyrosine

residue in a Thr-Glu-Tyr sequence located in MAP kinases. Activates the ERK1 and ERK2 MAP kinases (By similarity). Activates BRAF in a KSR1 or

KSR2-dependent manner; by binding to KSR1 or KSR2 releases the inhibitory intramolecular interaction between KSR1 or KSR2 protein kinase and N-terminal domains which promotes KSR1 or KSR2-BRAF dimerization and

BRAF activation (PubMed: 29433126).

**Cellular Location** Cytoplasm. Membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Note=Membrane

localization is probably regulated by its interaction with KSR1.

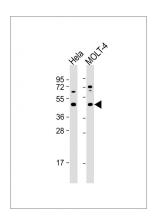
### **Background**

MAP2K2 is a dual specificity protein kinase that belongs to the MAP kinase kinase family. This kinase is known to play a critical role in mitogen growth factor signal transduction. It phosphorylates and thus activates MAPK1/ERK2 and MAPK2/ERK3. The activation of this kinase itself is dependent on the Ser/Thr phosphorylation by MAP kinase kinase kinases. The inhibition or degradation of this kinase is found to be involved in the pathogenesis of Yersinia and anthrax.

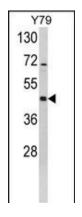
#### References

Burroughs, K.D., et al., Mol. Cancer Res. 1(4):312-322 (2003). Tran, H., et al., Mol. Cell. Biol. 23(20):7177-7188 (2003). Li, S.P., et al., Cancer Res. 63(13):3473-3477 (2003). Li, Y., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 278(16):13663-13671 (2003). Liu, X., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 277(42):39312-39319 (2002).

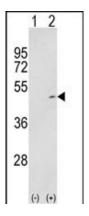
## **Images**



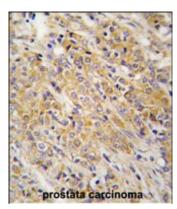
All lanes: Anti-MAP2K2 Antibody (S222) at 1:1000 dilution Lane 1: Hela whole cell lysate Lane 2: MOLT-4 whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size: 44 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.



Western blot analysis of MAP2K2-S222 (Cat. #AP7961e) in Y79 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). MAP2K2 (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.



Western blot analysis of MAP2K2 (arrow) using rabbit polyclonal MAP2K2-S222 (Cat. #AP7961e). 293 cell lysates (2 ug/lane) either nontransfected (Lane 1) or transiently transfected with the MAP2K2 gene (Lane 2).



Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human prostata carcinoma tissue reacted with MAP2K2 Antibody (S222) (Cat.#AP7961e), which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.