

# CEBPB Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP78953

## Product Information

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Application	WB, IF, FC, ICC, IP
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P17676</a>
Reactivity	Rat, Human, Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Monoclonal Antibody
Isotype	IgG
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human CEBP Beta
Purification	Affinity Chromatography
Calculated MW	36106

## Additional Information

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Gene ID	1051
Other Names	CEBPB
Dilution	WB~~1/500-1/1000 IF~~1:50~200 FC~~1:10~50 ICC~~N/A IP~~N/A
Format	Liquid in 10mM PBS, pH 7.4, 150mM sodium chloride, 0.05% BSA, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol.
Storage	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

## Protein Information

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Name	CEBPB ( <a href="#">HGNC:1834</a> )
Synonyms	TCF5
Function	Important transcription factor regulating the expression of genes involved in immune and inflammatory responses (PubMed: <a href="#">12048245</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">1741402</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">18647749</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">9374525</a> ). Also plays a significant role in adipogenesis, as well as in the gluconeogenic pathway, liver regeneration, and hematopoiesis. The consensus recognition site is 5'-T[TG]NNGNAA[TG]-3'. Its functional capacity is governed by protein interactions and post-translational protein modifications. During early embryogenesis, plays essential and redundant roles with CEBPA. Has a promitotic effect on many cell types such as hepatocytes and adipocytes but has an antiproliferative effect on T-cells by repressing MYC expression, facilitating differentiation along the T-helper 2 lineage. Binds to regulatory regions of several acute-phase and cytokines genes and plays a role in the regulation of acute-phase reaction and

inflammation. Also plays a role in intracellular bacteria killing (By similarity). During adipogenesis, is rapidly expressed and, after activation by phosphorylation, induces CEBPA and PPARG, which turn on the series of adipocyte genes that give rise to the adipocyte phenotype. The delayed transactivation of the CEBPA and PPARG genes by CEBPB appears necessary to allow mitotic clonal expansion and thereby progression of terminal differentiation (PubMed:[20829347](#)). Essential for female reproduction because of a critical role in ovarian follicle development (By similarity). Restricts osteoclastogenesis: together with NFE2L1; represses expression of DSPP during odontoblast differentiation (By similarity).

#### Cellular Location

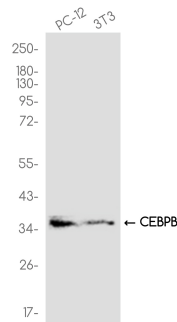
Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Note=Translocates to the nucleus when phosphorylated at Ser-288. In T-cells when sumoylated drawn to pericentric heterochromatin thereby allowing proliferation (By similarity).  
{ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P28033, ECO:0000269|PubMed:9374525}

#### Tissue Location

Expressed at low levels in the lung, kidney and spleen

## Images

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