

# DDAH2 Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP77826

### **Product Information**

**Application** WB, IP **Primary Accession** 095865

**Reactivity** Rat, Human, Mouse

**Host** Rabbit

**Clonality** Monoclonal Antibody

**Isotype** IgG

**Conjugate** Unconjugated

**Immunogen** A synthesized peptide derived from human DDAH2

**Purification** Affinity Chromatography

Calculated MW 29644

## **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 23564

Other Names DDAH2

**Dilution** WB~~1/500-1/1000 IP~~N/A

Format Liquid in 10mM PBS, pH 7.4, 150mM sodium chloride, 0.05% BSA, 0.02%

sodium azide and 50% glycerol.

**Storage** Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid

freeze/thaw cycles.

#### **Protein Information**

Name DDAH2 ( HGNC:2716)

**Synonyms** DDAH, G6A, NG30

**Function** Putative hydrolase with unknown substrate (Probable). Does not hydrolyze

N(G),N(G)-dimethyl-L-arginine (ADMA) which acts as an inhibitor of NOS (PubMed:<u>21493890</u>, PubMed:<u>37296100</u>). In endothelial cells, induces expression of vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF) via phosphorylation of the transcription factor SP1 by PKA in a process that is independent of NO and NO synthase (By similarity). Similarly, enhances pancreatic insulin

secretion through SP1-mediated transcriptional up-regulation of

secretagogin/SCGN, an insulin vesicle docking protein (By similarity). Upon viral infection, relocates to mitochondria where it promotes mitochondrial fission through activation of DNM1L leading to the inhibition of innate

response activation mediated by MAVS (PubMed:33850055).

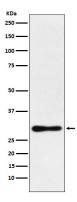
**Cellular Location** Cytoplasm. Mitochondrion Note=Translocates from cytosol to mitochondrion

upon IL1B stimulation in chondrocytes

**Tissue Location** Detected in heart, placenta, lung, liver, skeletal muscle, kidney and pancreas,

and at very low levels in brain

## **Images**



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