

Retinoic Acid Receptor alpha Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP77528

Product Information

Application	WB, FC
Primary Accession	P10276
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Monoclonal Antibody
Isotype	IgG
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human Retinoic Acid Receptor alpha
Purification	Affinity Chromatography
Calculated MW	50771

Additional Information

Gene ID	5914
Other Names	RARA
Dilution	WB~~1/500-1/1000 FC~~1:10~50
Format	Liquid in 10mM PBS, pH 7.4, 150mM sodium chloride, 0.05% BSA, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol.
Storage	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

Protein Information

Name	RARA
Synonyms	NR1B1
Function	Receptor for retinoic acid (PubMed: 16417524 , PubMed: 19850744 , PubMed: 20215566 , PubMed: 21152046 , PubMed: 37478846). Retinoic acid receptors bind as heterodimers to their target response elements in response to their ligands, all-trans or 9-cis retinoic acid, and regulate gene expression in various biological processes (PubMed: 21152046 , PubMed: 28167758 , PubMed: 37478846). The RXR/RAR heterodimers bind to the retinoic acid response elements (RARE) composed of tandem 5'-AGGTCA-3' sites known as DR1-DR5 (PubMed: 19398580 , PubMed: 28167758). In the absence of ligand, the RXR- RAR heterodimers associate with a multiprotein complex containing transcription corepressors that induce histone deacetylation, chromatin condensation and transcriptional suppression (PubMed: 16417524). On ligand binding, the corepressors dissociate from the receptors and associate with

the coactivators leading to transcriptional activation (PubMed:[19850744](#), PubMed:[20215566](#), PubMed:[37478846](#), PubMed:[9267036](#)). Formation of a complex with histone deacetylases might lead to inhibition of RARE DNA element binding and to transcriptional repression (PubMed:[28167758](#)). Transcriptional activation and RARE DNA element binding might be supported by the transcription factor KLF2 (PubMed:[28167758](#)). RARA plays an essential role in the regulation of retinoic acid-induced germ cell development during spermatogenesis (By similarity). Has a role in the survival of early spermatocytes at the beginning prophase of meiosis (By similarity). In Sertoli cells, may promote the survival and development of early meiotic prophase spermatocytes (By similarity). In concert with RARG, required for skeletal growth, matrix homeostasis and growth plate function (By similarity). Together with RXRA, positively regulates microRNA-10a expression, thereby inhibiting the GATA6/VCAM1 signaling response to pulsatile shear stress in vascular endothelial cells (PubMed:[28167758](#)). In association with HDAC3, HDAC5 and HDAC7 corepressors, plays a role in the repression of microRNA-10a and thereby promotes the inflammatory response (PubMed:[28167758](#)).

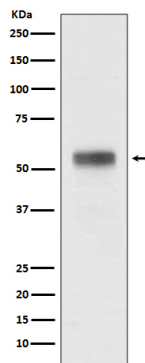
Cellular Location

Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Note=Nuclear localization depends on ligand binding, phosphorylation and sumoylation (PubMed:19850744) Translocation to the nucleus in the absence of ligand is dependent on activation of PKC and the downstream MAPK phosphorylation (By similarity). Increased nuclear localization upon pulsatile shear stress (PubMed:28167758). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P11416, ECO:0000269|PubMed:19850744, ECO:0000269|PubMed:28167758}

Tissue Location

Expressed in monocytes.

Images



Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.