

# Inhibin beta B Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP76999

## Product Information

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|--------------------------|---|
| <b>Application</b>       | WB  |
| <b>Primary Accession</b> | <a href="#">P09529</a>                                  |
| <b>Reactivity</b>        | Rat, Human, Mouse                                       |
| <b>Host</b>              | Rabbit  |
| <b>Clonality</b>         | Monoclonal Antibody                                     |
| <b>Isotype</b>           | IgG   |
| <b>Conjugate</b>         | Unconjugated  |
| <b>Immunogen</b>         | A synthesized peptide derived from human Inhibin beta B |
| <b>Purification</b>      | Affinity Purified                                       |
| <b>Calculated MW</b>     | 45122   |

## Additional Information

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|--------------------|--|
| <b>Gene ID</b>     | 3625   |
| <b>Other Names</b> | INHBB  |
| <b>Dilution</b>    | WB~~1/500-1/1000   |
| <b>Format</b>      | Liquid in 10mM PBS, pH 7.4, 150mM sodium chloride, 0.05% BSA, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. |
| <b>Storage</b>     | Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.           |

## Protein Information

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|                 |  |
|-----------------|--|
| <b>Name</b>     | INHBB  |
| <b>Function</b> | Inhibins and activins inhibit and activate, respectively, the secretion of follitropin by the pituitary gland. Inhibins/activins are involved in regulating a number of diverse functions such as hypothalamic and pituitary hormone secretion, gonadal hormone secretion, germ cell development and maturation, erythroid differentiation, insulin secretion, nerve cell survival, embryonic axial development or bone growth, depending on their subunit composition. Inhibins appear to oppose the functions of activins. Inhibin B is a dimer of alpha and beta-B that plays a crucial role in the regulation of the reproductive system by inhibiting the secretion of follicle-stimulating hormone (FSH) from the anterior pituitary gland. Thereby, maintains reproductive homeostasis in both males and females. Acts as a more potent suppressor of FSH release than inhibin A (By similarity). Functions as competitive receptor antagonist binding activin type II receptors with high affinity in the presence of the TGF-beta type III coreceptor/TGFBR3L (By |

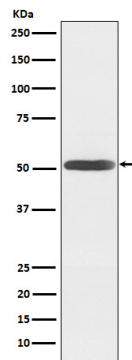
similarity).

## Cellular Location

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## Images

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