

GSDMD Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP76856

Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	P57764
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Monoclonal Antibody
Isotype	IgG
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Purification	Affinity Purified
Calculated MW	52801

Additional Information

Gene ID	79792
Other Names	GSDMD
Dilution	WB~~1:1000
Format	1xPBS(pH 7.4), 150mM NaCl, 50% Glycerol, 0.02% Sodium azide and 0.05% BSA
Storage	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

Protein Information

Name	GSDMD {ECO:0000303 PubMed:26375003, ECO:0000312 HGNC:HGNC:25697}
Function	[Gasdermin-D]: Precursor of a pore-forming protein that plays a key role in host defense against pathogen infection and danger signals (PubMed: 26375003 , PubMed: 26375259 , PubMed: 27281216). This form constitutes the precursor of the pore-forming protein: upon cleavage, the released N-terminal moiety (Gasdermin-D, N-terminal) binds to membranes and forms pores, triggering pyroptosis (PubMed: 26375003 , PubMed: 26375259 , PubMed: 27281216).
Cellular Location	[Gasdermin-D]: Cytoplasm, cytosol. Inflammasome {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q9D8T2}. Note=In response to a canonical inflammasome stimulus, such as nigericin, recruited to NLRP3 inflammasome with similar kinetics to that of uncleaved CASP1 precursor. {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q9D8T2} [Gasdermin-D, N-terminal]: Cytoplasm, cytosol. Note=(Microbial infection) Upon infection by M.tuberculosis,

localization to cell membrane is prevented by M.tuberculosis phosphatase PtpB that catalyzes dephosphorylation of phosphatidylinositol (4,5)-bisphosphate and phosphatidylinositol 4- phosphate, thereby inhibiting the membrane targeting of Gasdermin-D, N- terminal and subsequent cytokine release and pyroptosis [Gasdermin-D, C-terminal]: Cytoplasm, cytosol {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q9D8T2}

Tissue Location

Expressed in the suprabasal cells of esophagus, as well as in the isthmus/neck, pit, and gland of the stomach, suggesting preferential expression in differentiating cells

Background

Gasdermin-D , Precursor of a pore-forming protein that plays a key role in host defense against pathogen infection and danger signals (PubMed:26375003, PubMed:26375259, PubMed:27281216). This form constitutes the precursor of the pore-forming protein: upon cleavage, the released N-terminal moiety (Gasdermin-D, N-terminal) binds to membranes and forms pores, triggering pyroptosis (PubMed:26375003, PubMed:26375259, PubMed:27281216).

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