

TDP 43 Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP76162

Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P, IHC-F, IP, ICC

Primary Accession Q13148

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Host Rabbit

Clonality Monoclonal Antibody

Calculated MW 44740

Additional Information

Gene ID 23435

Other Names TARDBP

Dilution WB~~1/500-1/1000 IHC-P~~N/A IHC-F~~N/A IP~~N/A ICC~~N/A

Format Liquid

Protein Information

Name TARDBP {ECO:0000303 | PubMed:18396105,

ECO:0000312 | HGNC:HGNC:11571}

Function RNA-binding protein that is involved in various steps of RNA biogenesis and

processing (PubMed:<u>23519609</u>). Preferentially binds, via its two RNA recognition motifs RRM1 and RRM2, to GU-repeats on RNA molecules predominantly localized within long introns and in the 3'UTR of mRNAs (PubMed:<u>23519609</u>, PubMed:<u>24240615</u>, PubMed:<u>244464995</u>). In turn,

regulates the splicing of many non-coding and protein-coding RNAs including proteins involved in neuronal survival, as well as mRNAs that encode proteins

relevant for neurodegenerative diseases (PubMed:21358640,

PubMed:29438978). Plays a role in maintaining mitochondrial homeostasis by regulating the processing of mitochondrial transcripts (PubMed:28794432). Also regulates mRNA stability by recruiting CNOT7/CAF1 deadenylase on mRNA 3'UTR leading to poly(A) tail deadenylation and thus shortening (PubMed:30520513). In response to oxidative insult, associates with stalled ribosomes localized to stress granules (SGs) and contributes to cell survival (PubMed:19765185, PubMed:23398327). Also participates in the normal skeletal muscle formation and regeneration, forming cytoplasmic myo-granules and binding mRNAs that encode sarcomeric proteins (PubMed:30464263). Plays a role in the maintenance of the circadian clock periodicity via stabilization of the CRY1 and CRY2 proteins in a

FBXL3-dependent manner (PubMed:<u>27123980</u>). Negatively regulates the expression of CDK6 (PubMed:<u>19760257</u>). Regulates the expression of HDAC6,

ATG7 and VCP in a PPIA/CYPA-dependent manner (PubMed: 25678563).

Cellular Location Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Cytoplasm, Stress granule Mitochondrion.

Note=Continuously travels in and out of the nucleus (PubMed:18957508).

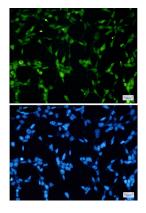
Localizes to stress granules in response to oxidative stress (PubMed:19765185). A small subset localizes in mitochondria

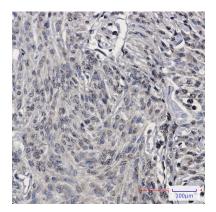
(PubMed:28794432).

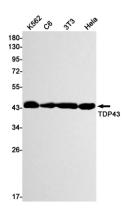
Tissue Location Ubiquitously expressed. In particular, expression is high in pancreas,

placenta, lung, genital tract and spleen

Images







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