

CD22 Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP75215

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P, IP
Primary Accession	P20273
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Monoclonal Antibody
Isotype	IgG
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Purification	Affinity Purified
Calculated MW	95348

Additional Information

Gene ID	933
Other Names	CD22
Dilution	WB~~1:500-1:1000 IHC-P~~N/A IP~~1:20-1:50
Format	Liquid in 50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40%Glycerol, 0.01% sodium azide and 0.05% BSA.
Storage	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

Protein Information

Name	CD22 {ECO:0000303 PubMed:1691828, ECO:0000312 HGNC:HGNC:1643}
Function	Most highly expressed siglec (sialic acid-binding immunoglobulin-like lectin) on B-cells that plays a role in various aspects of B-cell biology including differentiation, antigen presentation, and trafficking to bone marrow (PubMed: 34330755 , PubMed: 8627166). Binds to alpha 2,6-linked sialic acid residues of surface molecules such as CD22 itself, CD45 and IgM in a cis configuration. Can also bind to ligands on other cells as an adhesion molecule in a trans configuration (PubMed: 20172905). Acts as an inhibitory coreceptor on the surface of B-cells and inhibits B-cell receptor induced signaling, characterized by inhibition of the calcium mobilization and cellular activation. Mechanistically, the immunoreceptor tyrosine-based inhibitory motif domain is phosphorylated by the Src kinase LYN, which in turn leads to the recruitment of the protein tyrosine phosphatase 1/PTPN6, leading to the negative regulation of BCR signaling (PubMed: 8627166). If this negative signaling from is of sufficient strength, apoptosis of the B-cell can be induced (PubMed: 20516366).

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein

Tissue Location

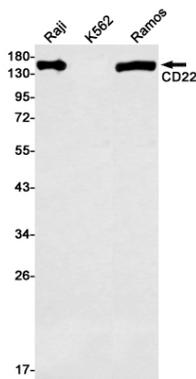
B-lymphocytes.

Background

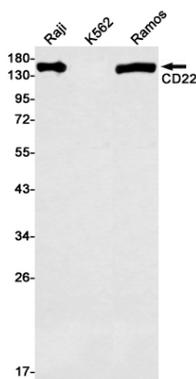
Acts as a regulator of B cell signaling. CD22 is expressed as both a cytoplasmic and membrane protein during discrete stages of B cell lymphocyte differentiation. The cytoplasmic form of CD22, expressed early in B cell development, is a useful marker for acute lymphocytic leukemia. The membrane form of CD22 is expressed in mature B cells prior to their differentiation into plasma cells. Alternative splicing results in two different isoforms, CD22 α and CD22 β .

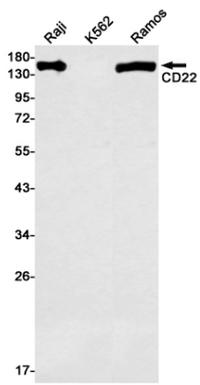
Images

Immunocytochemistry analysis of CD22 (green) in HL-60 using CD22 antibody, and DAPI (blue).



Western blot analysis of CD22 in Raji, K562, Ramos lysates using CD22 antibody.





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