

ATP Synthase C Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP74845

Product Information

ApplicationWB, ICCPrimary AccessionP05496ReactivityHumanHostRabbit

Clonality Monoclonal Antibody

Calculated MW 14277

Additional Information

Gene ID 516

Other Names ATP5MC1

Dilution WB~~1/500-1/1000 ICC~~N/A

Format 50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40%Glycerol, 0.01% sodium azide and

0.05% BSA.

Storage Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid

freeze/thaw cycles.

Protein Information

Name ATP5MC1 (HGNC:841)

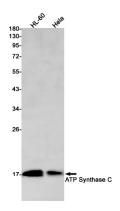
Function Subunit c, of the mitochondrial membrane ATP synthase complex (F(1)F(0)

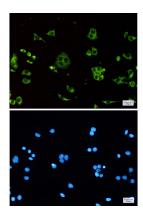
ATP synthase or Complex V) that produces ATP from ADP in the presence of a proton gradient across the membrane which is generated by electron transport complexes of the respiratory chain (Probable). ATP synthase complex consist of a soluble F(1) head domain - the catalytic core - and a membrane F(1) domain - the membrane proton channel (PubMed:37244256). These two domains are linked by a central stalk rotating inside the F(1) region and a stationary peripheral stalk (PubMed:37244256). During catalysis, ATP synthesis in the catalytic domain of F(1) is coupled via a rotary mechanism of the central stalk subunits to proton translocation (Probable). With the subunit a (MT- ATP6), forms the proton-conducting channel in the F(0) domain, that contains two crucial half-channels (inlet and outlet) that facilitate proton movement from the mitochondrial intermembrane space (IMS) into the matrix (PubMed:37244256). Protons are taken up via the inlet half-channel and released through the outlet half-channel, following a Grotthuss

mechanism (PubMed:37244256).

Cellular Location Mitochondrion membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein

Images





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