

# CD152 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP74116

## Product Information

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<b>Application</b>	IHC-P, IF, ICC, E
<b>Primary Accession</b>	<a href="#">P16410</a>
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human, Rat, Mouse
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Calculated MW</b>	24656

## Additional Information

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<b>Gene ID</b>	1493
<b>Other Names</b>	Cytotoxic T-lymphocyte protein 4 (Cytotoxic T-lymphocyte-associated antigen 4) (CTLA-4) (CD antigen CD152)
<b>Dilution</b>	IHC-P~~IHC-p 1:50-200, ELISA 1:10000-20000 IF~~1:50~200 ICC~~N/A E~~N/A
<b>Format</b>	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.
<b>Storage Conditions</b>	-20°C

## Protein Information

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<b>Name</b>	CTLA4
<b>Synonyms</b>	CD152
<b>Function</b>	Inhibitory receptor acting as a major negative regulator of T-cell responses (PubMed: <a href="#">11279501</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">11279502</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">16551244</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">1714933</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">18641304</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">28484017</a> ). Acts as a decoy receptor: the affinity of CTLA4 for its natural B7 family ligands, CD80 and CD86, is considerably stronger than the affinity of their cognate stimulatory coreceptor CD28 (PubMed: <a href="#">11279501</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">11279502</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">16551244</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">1714933</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">28484017</a> ).
<b>Cellular Location</b>	Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Note=Exists primarily an intracellular antigen whose surface expression is tightly regulated by restricted trafficking to the cell surface and rapid internalization
<b>Tissue Location</b>	Widely expressed with highest levels in lymphoid tissues. Detected in activated T-cells where expression levels are 30- to 50-fold less than CD28, the stimulatory coreceptor, on the cell surface following activation.

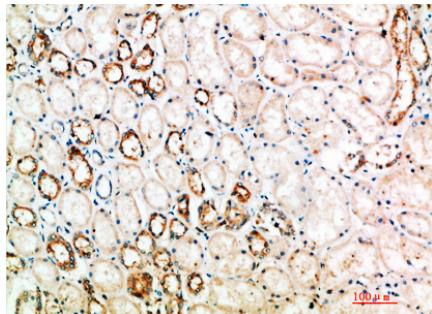
## Background

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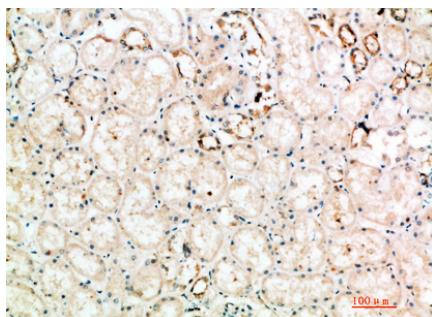
Inhibitory receptor acting as a major negative regulator of T-cell responses. The affinity of CTLA4 for its natural B7 family ligands, CD80 and CD86, is considerably stronger than the affinity of their cognate stimulatory coreceptor CD28.

## Images

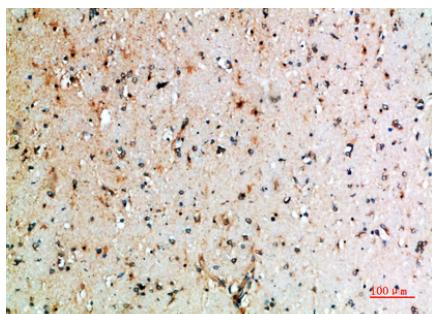
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Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human-kidney, antibody was diluted at 1:200



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human-kidney, antibody was diluted at 1:200



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human-brain, antibody was diluted at 1:200

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.