

Nov Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP73595

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P, IF, ICC, E
Primary Accession	P48745
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	39162

Additional Information

Gene ID	4856
Other Names	NOV; CCN3; IGFBP9; NOVH; Protein NOV homolog; NovH; CCN family member 3; Insulin-like growth factor-binding protein 9; IBP-9; IGF-binding protein 9; IGFBP-9; Nephroblastoma-overexpressed gene protein homolog
Dilution	WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. IHC-p: 1/100-1/300. ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications. IHC-P~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. IHC-p: 1/100-1/300. ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications. IF~~1:50~200 ICC~~N/A E~~N/A
Format	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.
Storage Conditions	-20°C

Protein Information

Name	CCN3 (HGNC:7885)
Synonyms	IGFBP9, NOV, NOVH
Function	Immediate-early protein playing a role in various cellular processes including proliferation, adhesion, migration, differentiation and survival (PubMed: 12050162 , PubMed: 12695522 , PubMed: 15181016 , PubMed: 15611078 , PubMed: 21344378). Acts by binding to integrins or membrane receptors such as NOTCH1 (PubMed: 12695522 , PubMed: 15611078 , PubMed: 21344378). Essential regulator of hematopoietic stem and progenitor cell function (PubMed: 17463287). Inhibits myogenic differentiation through the activation of Notch-signaling pathway (PubMed: 12050162). Inhibits vascular smooth muscle cells proliferation by increasing expression of cell-cycle regulators such as CDKN2B or CDKN1A independently of TGFB1 signaling (PubMed: 20139355). Ligand of integrins ITGAV:ITGB3 and ITGA5:ITGB1, acts directly upon endothelial cells to

stimulate pro-angiogenic activities and induces angiogenesis. In endothelial cells, supports cell adhesion, induces directed cell migration (chemotaxis) and promotes cell survival (PubMed:[12695522](#)). Also plays a role in cutaneous wound healing acting as integrin receptor ligand. Supports skin fibroblast adhesion through ITGA5:ITGB1 and ITGA6:ITGB1 and induces fibroblast chemotaxis through ITGAV:ITGB5. Seems to enhance bFGF-induced DNA synthesis in fibroblasts (PubMed:[15611078](#)). Involved in bone regeneration as a negative regulator (By similarity). Enhances the articular chondrocytic phenotype, whereas it repressed the one representing endochondral ossification (PubMed:[21871891](#)). Impairs pancreatic beta-cell function, inhibits beta-cell proliferation and insulin secretion (By similarity). Plays a role as negative regulator of endothelial pro-inflammatory activation reducing monocyte adhesion, its anti-inflammatory effects occur secondary to the inhibition of NF-kappaB signaling pathway (PubMed:[21063504](#)). Contributes to the control and coordination of inflammatory processes in atherosclerosis (By similarity). Attenuates inflammatory pain through regulation of IL1B- and TNF-induced MMP9, MMP2 and CCL2 expression. Inhibits MMP9 expression through ITGB1 engagement (PubMed:[21871891](#)). Brain osteoanabolic hormone (By similarity). Drives osteogenesis in osteochondral skeletal stem cells (PubMed:[38987585](#)). During lactation, maintains the maternal skeleton and viability of offspring (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Secreted {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q64299}. Cytoplasm. Cell junction, gap junction. Note=Localizes at the gap junction in presence of GJA1. {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9QZQ5}

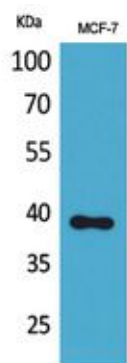
Tissue Location

Expressed in endothelial cells (at protein level) (PubMed:21063504). Expressed in bone marrow and thymic cells

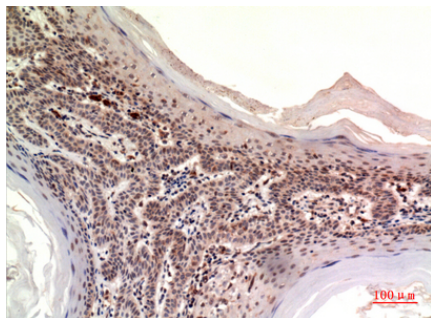
Background

Immediate-early protein playing a role in various cellular processes including proliferation, adhesion, migration, differentiation and survival (PubMed:[15181016](#), PubMed:[15611078](#), PubMed:[12695522](#), PubMed:[21344378](#), PubMed:[12050162](#)). Acts by binding to integrins or membrane receptors such as NOTCH1 (PubMed:[12695522](#), PubMed:[21344378](#), PubMed:[15611078](#)). Essential regulator of hematopoietic stem and progenitor cell function (PubMed:[17463287](#)). Inhibits myogenic differentiation through the activation of Notch-signaling pathway (PubMed:[12050162](#)). Inhibits vascular smooth muscle cells proliferation by increasing expression of cell-cycle regulators such as CDKN2B or CDKN1A independently of TGFβ1 signaling (PubMed:[20139355](#)). Ligand of integrins ITGAV:ITGB3 and ITGA5:ITGB1, acts directly upon endothelial cells to stimulate pro-angiogenic activities and induces angiogenesis. In endothelial cells, supports cell adhesion, induces directed cell migration (chemotaxis) and promotes cell survival (PubMed:[12695522](#)). Plays also a role in cutaneous wound healing acting as integrin receptor ligand. Supports skin fibroblast adhesion through ITGA5:ITGB1 and ITGA6:ITGB1 and induces fibroblast chemotaxis through ITGAV:ITGB5. Seems to enhance bFGF-induced DNA synthesis in fibroblasts (PubMed:[15611078](#)). Involved in bone regeneration as a negative regulator (By similarity). Enhances the articular chondrocytic phenotype, whereas it repressed the one representing endochondral ossification (PubMed:[21871891](#)). Impairs pancreatic beta-cell function, inhibits beta-cell proliferation and insulin secretion (By similarity). Plays a role as negative regulator of endothelial pro-inflammatory activation reducing monocyte adhesion, its anti-inflammatory effects occur secondary to the inhibition of NF-kappaB signaling pathway (PubMed:[21063504](#)). Contributes to the control and coordination of inflammatory processes in atherosclerosis (By similarity). Attenuates inflammatory pain through regulation of IL1B- and TNF-induced MMP9, MMP2 and CCL2 expression. Inhibits MMP9 expression through ITGB1 engagement (PubMed:[21871891](#)).

Images



Antibody.. Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:20000



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human-skin, antibody was diluted at 1:100

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