

# **Contactin 1 Polyclonal Antibody**

Catalog # AP73305

#### **Product Information**

Application WB
Primary Accession Q12860

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

HostRabbitClonalityPolyclonalCalculated MW113320

#### **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 1272

Other Names CNTN1; Contactin-1; Glycoprotein gp135; Neural cell surface protein F3

**Dilution** WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other

applications.

Format Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium

azide.

Storage Conditions -20°C

#### **Protein Information**

Name CNTN1

**Function** Contactins mediate cell surface interactions during nervous system

development. Involved in the formation of paranodal axo-glial junctions in myelinated peripheral nerves and in the signaling between axons and myelinating glial cells via its association with CNTNAP1. Participates in oligodendrocytes generation by acting as a ligand of NOTCH1. Its association with NOTCH1 promotes NOTCH1 activation through the released notch intracellular domain (NICD) and subsequent translocation to the nucleus. Interaction with TNR induces a repulsion of neurons and an inhibition of

neurite outgrowth (By similarity).

**Cellular Location** [Isoform 1]: Cell membrane; Lipid-anchor, GPI- anchor; Extracellular side

**Tissue Location** Strongly expressed in brain and in neuroblastoma and retinoblastoma cell

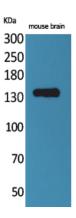
lines. Lower levels of expression in lung, pancreas, kidney and skeletal

muscle.

## Background

Contactins mediate cell surface interactions during nervous system development. Involved in the formation of paranodal axo-glial junctions in myelinated peripheral nerves and in the signaling between axons and myelinating glial cells via its association with CNTNAP1. Participates in oligodendrocytes generation by acting as a ligand of NOTCH1. Its association with NOTCH1 promotes NOTCH1 activation through the released notch intracellular domain (NICD) and subsequent translocation to the nucleus. Interaction with TNR induces a repulsion of neurons and an inhibition of neurite outgrowth (By similarity).

### **Images**



Western Blot analysis of mouse brain cells using Contactin 1 Polyclonal Antibody.. Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:20000

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.