

PAI-1 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP71752

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P, IF, ICC, E
Primary Accession	P05121
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	45060

Additional Information

Gene ID	5054
Other Names	SERPINE1; PAI1; PLANH1; Plasminogen activator inhibitor 1; PAI; PAI-1; Endothelial plasminogen activator inhibitor; Serpin E1
Dilution	WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications. IHC-P~~N/A IF~~1:50~200 ICC~~N/A E~~N/A
Format	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.
Storage Conditions	-20°C

Protein Information

Name	SERPINE1
Synonyms	PAI1, PLANH1
Function	Serine protease inhibitor. Inhibits TMPRSS7 (PubMed: 15853774). Is a primary inhibitor of tissue-type plasminogen activator (PLAT) and urokinase-type plasminogen activator (PLAU). As PLAT inhibitor, it is required for fibrinolysis down-regulation and is responsible for the controlled degradation of blood clots (PubMed: 17912461 , PubMed: 8481516 , PubMed: 9207454 , PubMed: 21925150). As PLAU inhibitor, it is involved in the regulation of cell adhesion and spreading (PubMed: 9175705). Acts as a regulator of cell migration, independently of its role as protease inhibitor (PubMed: 15001579 , PubMed: 9168821). It is required for stimulation of keratinocyte migration during cutaneous injury repair (PubMed: 18386027). It is involved in cellular and replicative senescence (PubMed: 16862142). Plays a role in alveolar type 2 cells senescence in the lung (By similarity). Is involved in the regulation of cementogenic differentiation of periodontal ligament stem cells, and regulates odontoblast differentiation and dentin formation

during odontogenesis (PubMed:[25808697](#), PubMed:[27046084](#)).

Cellular Location

Secreted.

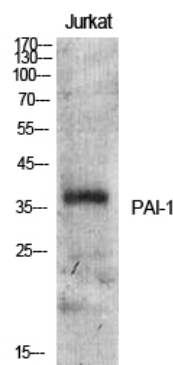
Tissue Location

Expressed in endothelial cells (PubMed:2430793, PubMed:3097076). Found in plasma, platelets, and hepatoma and fibrosarcoma cells.

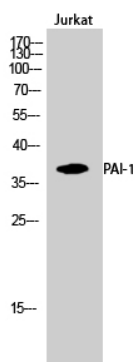
Background

Serine protease inhibitor. Inhibits TMPRSS7 (PubMed: [15853774](#)). Is a primary inhibitor of tissue-type plasminogen activator (PLAT) and urokinase-type plasminogen activator (PLAU). As PLAT inhibitor, it is required for fibrinolysis down-regulation and is responsible for the controlled degradation of blood clots (PubMed:[8481516](#), PubMed:[9207454](#), PubMed:[17912461](#)). As PLAU inhibitor, it is involved in the regulation of cell adhesion and spreading (PubMed:[9175705](#)). Acts as a regulator of cell migration, independently of its role as protease inhibitor (PubMed:[15001579](#), PubMed:[9168821](#)). It is required for stimulation of keratinocyte migration during cutaneous injury repair (PubMed:[18386027](#)). It is involved in cellular and replicative senescence (PubMed:[16862142](#)). Plays a role in alveolar type 2 cells senescence in the lung (By similarity). Is involved in the regulation of cementogenic differentiation of periodontal ligament stem cells, and regulates odontoblast differentiation and dentin formation during odontogenesis (PubMed:[25808697](#), PubMed:[27046084](#)).

Images



Western Blot analysis of various cells using PAI-1 Polyclonal Antibody



Western Blot analysis of Jurkat cells using PAI-1 Polyclonal Antibody

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