abcepta

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NM23-H1 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP71329

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P, IF, ICC, E
Primary Accession	P15531
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	17149

Additional Information

Gene ID	4830
Other Names	NME1; NDPKA; NM23; Nucleoside diphosphate kinase A; NDK A; NDP kinase A; Granzyme A-activated DNase; GAAD; Metastasis inhibition factor nm23; Tumor metastatic process-associated protein; nm23-H1
Dilution	WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications. IHC-P~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications. IF~~1:50~200 ICC~~N/A E~~N/A
Format	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.
Storage Conditions	-20℃

Protein Information

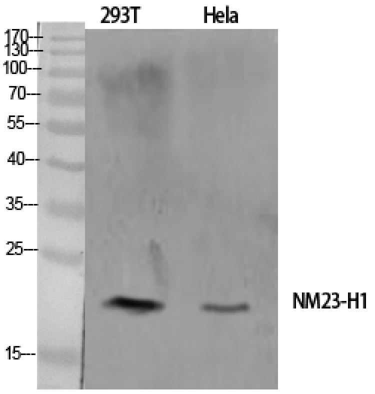
Name	NME1 (HGNC:7849)
Function	Catalyzes the transfer of a gamma-phosphoryl group from a nucleoside triphosphate, mainly ATP, to a nucleoside diphosphate via a ping-pong mechanism involving a phosphohistidine intermediate, therefore contributing to the nucleoside triphosphate homeostasis (PubMed:10952986, PubMed:14960567, PubMed:16313181, PubMed:1851158, PubMed:23519676, PubMed:33903070, PubMed:8810265, PubMed:9038158). Also phosphorylates geranyl pyrophosphate (GPP) and farnesyl pyrophosphate (FPP), linking it to isoprenoid metabolism (PubMed:10952986). Additionally, functions as a non-specific serine/threonine kinase and histidine protein kinase, transferring phosphoryl groups from its active site to target proteins (PubMed:8529641, PubMed:9038158). May function as a Mg(2+)-dependent single-stranded DNA endonuclease as part of the SET complex, cooperating with the 3'-5' exonuclease TREX1 to mediate apoptotic DNA fragmentation in cytotoxic T lymphocytes (PubMed:12628186, PubMed:16818237). Reported to nick one

	DNA strand, enabling TREX1 to remove nucleotides from the free 3' end, enhancing DNA damage and suppressing DNA end reannealing and repair (PubMed:16818237). Has been shown to cleave double strands DNA within the 3'-portions of both 5'-SHS silencer and NHE basal promoter element of the PDGFA gene, potentially repressing its transcription (PubMed:11694515). May also function as a Mg(2+)-dependent 3'-5' DNA exonuclease, excising nucleotides from 3' single-stranded DNA or DNA with 3' single strand overhangs, suggesting a role in DNA nucleolytic processing (PubMed:14960567, PubMed:16313181). Involved in the regulation of tumor metastasis and cellular differentiation (By similarity). Also required for cell motility (PubMed:8270257, PubMed:25582197). May control, with NME2, AcCoA usage between histone acetylation and fatty acid synthesis, possibly by binding and releasing AcCoA at transcriptionally active chromatin regions in proximity to histone acetyltransferase (HAT) (By similarity).
Cellular Location	Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Cell membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P52175}. Note=Cell-cycle dependent nuclear localization which can be induced by degradation of the SET complex by GzmA (PubMed:12628186). In response to DNA damage, translocates to the nucleus where it might participate in DNA nucleolytic processing (PubMed:16313181).
Tissue Location	Ubiquitously expressed (PubMed:12601555, PubMed:16442775). Expressed in tumor cell lines (PubMed:10512675, PubMed:16442775).

Background

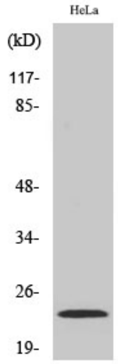
Major role in the synthesis of nucleoside triphosphates other than ATP. The ATP gamma phosphate is transferred to the NDP beta phosphate via a ping-pong mechanism, using a phosphorylated active-site intermediate. Possesses nucleoside-diphosphate kinase, serine/threonine-specific protein kinase, geranyl and farnesyl pyrophosphate kinase, histidine protein kinase and 3'-5' exonuclease activities. Involved in cell proliferation, differentiation and development, signal transduction, G protein- coupled receptor endocytosis, and gene expression. Required for neural development including neural patterning and cell fate determination. During GZMA-mediated cell death, works in concert with TREX1. NME1 nicks one strand of DNA and TREX1 removes bases from the free 3' end to enhance DNA damage and prevent DNA end reannealing and rapid repair.

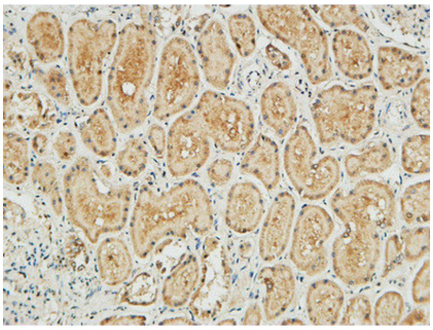
Images



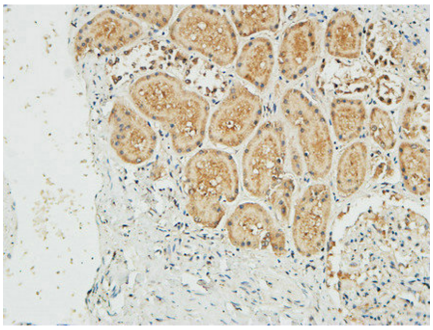
Western Blot analysis of various cells using NM23-H1 Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1：1000

Western Blot analysis of HeLa cells using NM23-H1 Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1：1000





Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human kidney. 1, Antibody was diluted at 1:100(4°,overnight). 2, High-pressure and temperature EDTA, pH8.0 was used for antigen retrieval. 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 30min).



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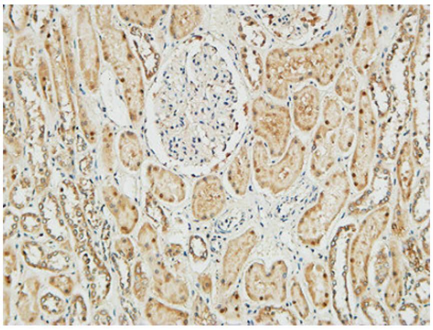

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