

MC1-R Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP70856

Product Information

Application	WB, E, IHC-P
Primary Accession	Q01726
Reactivity	Human, Rat, Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	34706

Additional Information

Gene ID	4157
Other Names	MC1R; MSHR; Melanocyte-stimulating hormone receptor; MSH-R; Melanocortin receptor 1; MC1-R
Dilution	WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunofluorescence: 1/200 - 1/1000. ELISA: 1/5000. Not yet tested in other applications. E~~N/A IHC-P~~N/A
Format	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.
Storage Conditions	-20°C

Protein Information

Name	MC1R (HGNC:6929)
Synonyms	MSHR
Function	G protein-coupled receptor that binds melanocyte-stimulating hormones (alpha, beta, and gamma-MSH) and adrenocorticotrophic hormone/ACTH, which are peptide products of the POMC precursor protein (PubMed: 11442765 , PubMed: 11707265 , PubMed: 1325670 , PubMed: 1516719 , PubMed: 8463333). Upon activation, MC1R couples with the G(s) protein, stimulating adenylate cyclase and activating the cAMP-dependent signaling pathway. This activation promotes melanogenesis, resulting in the production of eumelanin (black/brown) and pheomelanin (red/yellow) in melanocytes (PubMed: 11707265 , PubMed: 1325670 , PubMed: 16463023 , PubMed: 19737927 , PubMed: 31097585 , PubMed: 34453129). MC1R interacts with G protein-coupled receptor opsin 3/OPN3, which couples to G(i) proteins and inhibits the alpha-MSH-induced cAMP response, thereby reducing melanin synthesis (PubMed: 31097585). Binding to Agouti/ASP precludes alpha-MSH-induced signaling, thereby downregulating melanogenesis (By similarity). Additionally, interaction with MGRN1 displaces the G(s) protein,

further suppressing MC1R signaling (PubMed:[19737927](#)).

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein

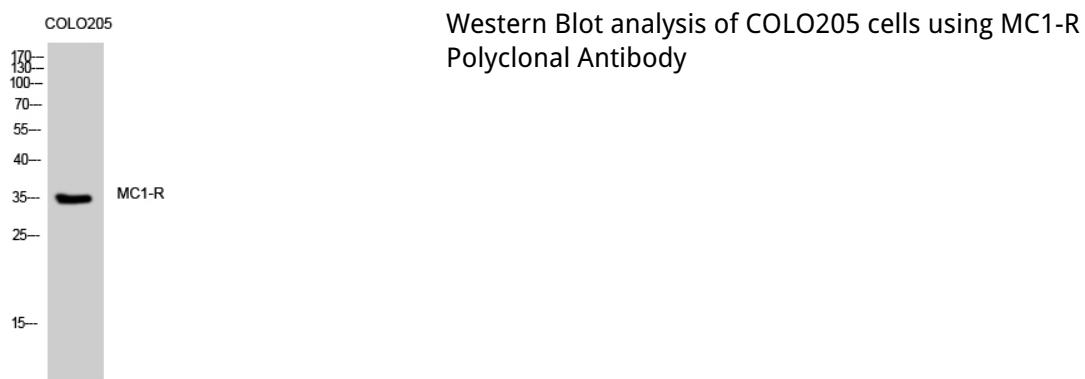
Tissue Location

Expressed in melanocytes (PubMed:1325670, PubMed:31097585). Expressed in corticoadrenal tissue (PubMed:1325670)

Background

Receptor for MSH (alpha, beta and gamma) and ACTH. The activity of this receptor is mediated by G proteins which activate adenylate cyclase.

Images



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