

EAR2 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP69633

Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P, IF **Primary Accession** P10588

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Host Rabbit **Polyclonal** Clonality Calculated MW 42979

Additional Information

Gene ID 2063

Other Names NR2F6; EAR2; ERBAL2; Nuclear receptor subfamily 2 group F member 6;

V-erbA-related protein 2; EAR-2

Dilution WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300.

Immunofluorescence: 1/200 - 1/1000. ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other

applications. IHC-P~~N/A IF~~1:50~200

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium **Format**

azide.

Storage Conditions -20°C

Protein Information

NR2F6 Name

Synonyms EAR2, ERBAL2

Function Transcription factor predominantly involved in transcriptional repression.

> Binds to promoter/enhancer response elements that contain the imperfect 5'-AGGTCA-3' direct or inverted repeats with various spacings which are also recognized by other nuclear hormone receptors. Involved in modulation of hormonal responses. Represses transcriptional activity of the lutropinchoriogonadotropic hormone receptor/LHCGR gene, the renin/REN gene and

the oxytocin-neurophysin/OXT gene. Represses the triiodothyronine-

dependent and -independent transcriptional activity of the thyroid hormone receptor gene in a cell type-specific manner. The corepressing function towards thyroid hormone receptor beta/THRB involves at least in part the inhibition of THRB binding to triiodothyronine response elements (TREs) by NR2F6. Inhibits NFATC transcription factor DNA binding and subsequently its transcriptional activity. Acts as transcriptional repressor of IL-17 expression in Th-17 differentiated CD4(+) T cells and may be involved in induction and/or

maintenance of peripheral immunological tolerance and autoimmunity. Involved in development of forebrain circadian clock; is required early in the

development of the locus coeruleus (LC).

Cellular Location Nucleus {ECO:0000255 | PROSITE-ProRule:PRU00407,

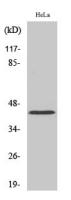
ECO:0000269 | PubMed:10644740, ECO:0000269 | PubMed:18701084}

Tissue Location Expressed in heart, placenta, liver, skeletal muscle, kidney and pancreas.

Background

Transcription factor predominantly involved in transcriptional repression. Binds to promoter/enhancer response elements that contain the imperfect 5'-AGGTCA-3' direct or inverted repeats with various spacings which are also recognized by other nuclear hormone receptors. Involved in modulation of hormonal responses. Represses transcriptional activity of the lutropin-choriogonadotropic hormone receptor/LHCGR gene, the renin/REN gene and the oxytocin-neurophysin/OXT gene. Represses the triiodothyronine-dependent and -independent transcriptional activity of the thyroid hormone receptor gene in a cell type- specific manner. The corepressing function towards thyroid hormone receptor beta/THRB involves at least in part the inhibition of THRB binding to triiodothyronine response elements (TREs) by NR2F6. Inhibits NFATC transcription factor DNA binding and subsequently its transcriptional activity. Acts as transcriptional repressor of IL-17 expression in Th-17 differentiated CD4(+) T cells and may be involved in induction and/or maintenance of peripheral immunological tolerance and autoimmunity. Involved in development of forebrain circadian clock; is required early in the development of the locus coeruleus (LC).

Images



Western Blot analysis of various cells using EAR2 Polyclonal Antibody cells nucleus extracted by Minute TM Cytoplasmic and Nuclear Fractionation kit (SC-003, Inventbiotech, MN, USA).

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.