

# C1q-B Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP68746

## Product Information

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<b>Application</b>	WB, FC, IHC-P, IF, ICC, E
<b>Primary Accession</b>	<a href="#">P02746</a>
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human, Rat, Mouse
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Calculated MW</b>	26722

## Additional Information

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<b>Gene ID</b>	713
<b>Other Names</b>	C1QB; Complement C1q subcomponent subunit B
<b>Dilution</b>	WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. Immunofluorescence: 1/200 - 1/1000. ELISA: 1/40000. Not yet tested in other applications. FC~~1:10~50 IHC-P~~N/A IF~~1:50~200 ICC~~N/A E~~N/A
<b>Format</b>	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.
<b>Storage Conditions</b>	-20°C

## Protein Information

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<b>Name</b>	C1QB {ECO:0000303   PubMed:3000358, ECO:0000312   HGNC:HGNC:1242}
<b>Function</b>	Core component of the complement C1 complex, a multiprotein complex that initiates the classical pathway of the complement system, a cascade of proteins that leads to phagocytosis and breakdown of pathogens and signaling that strengthens the adaptive immune system (PubMed: <a href="#">12847249</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">19006321</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">24626930</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">29449492</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">3258649</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">34155115</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">6249812</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">6776418</a> ). The classical complement pathway is initiated by the C1Q subcomplex of the C1 complex, which specifically binds IgG or IgM immunoglobulins complexed with antigens, forming antigen-antibody complexes on the surface of pathogens: C1QA, together with C1QB and C1QC, specifically recognizes and binds the Fc regions of IgG or IgM via its C1q domain (PubMed: <a href="#">12847249</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">19006321</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">24626930</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">29449492</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">3258649</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">6776418</a> ). Immunoglobulin-binding activates the proenzyme C1R, which cleaves C1S, initiating the proteolytic cascade of the complement system (PubMed: <a href="#">29449492</a> ). The C1Q subcomplex is activated by a hexamer of IgG complexed with antigens, while it is activated by a pentameric IgM (PubMed: <a href="#">19706439</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">24626930</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">29449492</a> ). The C1Q

subcomplex also recognizes and binds phosphatidylserine exposed on the surface of cells undergoing programmed cell death, possibly promoting activation of the complement system (PubMed:[18250442](https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/18250442/)).

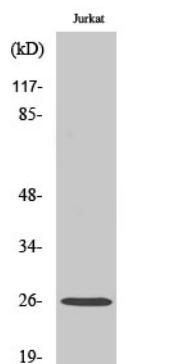
## Cellular Location

Secreted. Cell surface. Note=Specifically binds IgG or IgM immunoglobulins complexed with antigens, forming antigen-antibody complexes on the surface of pathogens.

## Background

C1q associates with the proenzymes C1r and C1s to yield C1, the first component of the serum complement system. The collagen-like regions of C1q interact with the Ca(2+)-dependent C1r(2)C1s(2) proenzyme complex, and efficient activation of C1 takes place on interaction of the globular heads of C1q with the Fc regions of IgG or IgM antibody present in immune complexes.

## Images



Western Blot analysis of various cells using C1q-B Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1 : 1000

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.