

# NMDA $\epsilon$ 1/2 (phospho Tyr1246/1252) Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP68079

## Product Information

Application	IHC-P, IF
Primary Accession	<a href="#">Q12879</a> , <a href="#">Q13224</a>
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	165283

## Additional Information

Gene ID	2903
Other Names	GRIN2A; NMDAR2A; Glutamate [NMDA] receptor subunit epsilon-1; N-methyl D-aspartate receptor subtype 2A; NMDAR2A; NR2A; hNR2A; GRIN2B; NMDAR2B; Glutamate [NMDA] receptor subunit epsilon-2; N-methyl D-aspartate receptor subtype 2B; NMDAR2B; N
Dilution	IHC-P~~Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. Immunofluorescence: 1/200 - 1/1000. ELISA: 1/10000. Not yet tested in other applications. IF~~1:50~200
Format	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.
Storage Conditions	-20°C

## Protein Information

Name	GRIN2A ( <a href="#">HGNC:4585</a> )
Synonyms	NMDAR2A
Function	<p>Component of N-methyl-D-aspartate (NMDA) receptors (NMDARs) that function as heterotetrameric, ligand-gated cation channels with high calcium permeability and voltage-dependent block by Mg(2+) (PubMed:<a href="#">20890276</a>, PubMed:<a href="#">23933818</a>, PubMed:<a href="#">23933819</a>, PubMed:<a href="#">23933820</a>, PubMed:<a href="#">24504326</a>, PubMed:<a href="#">26875626</a>, PubMed:<a href="#">26919761</a>, PubMed:<a href="#">28242877</a>, PubMed:<a href="#">36117210</a>, PubMed:<a href="#">38538865</a>, PubMed:<a href="#">8768735</a>). NMDARs participate in synaptic plasticity for learning and memory formation by contributing to the slow phase of excitatory postsynaptic current, long-term synaptic potentiation, and learning (By similarity). Channel activation requires binding of the neurotransmitter L-glutamate to the GluN2 subunit, glycine or D-serine binding to the GluN1 subunit, plus membrane depolarization to eliminate channel inhibition by Mg(2+) (PubMed:<a href="#">23933818</a>, PubMed:<a href="#">23933819</a>, PubMed:<a href="#">23933820</a>,</p>

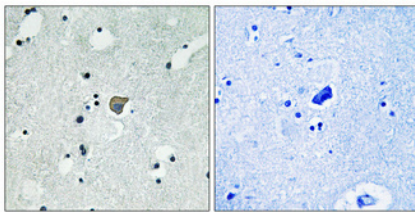
PubMed:[24504326](#), PubMed:[26875626](#), PubMed:[26919761](#), PubMed:[27288002](#), PubMed:[28095420](#), PubMed:[28105280](#), PubMed:[28126851](#), PubMed:[28182669](#), PubMed:[29644724](#), PubMed:[38307912](#), PubMed:[8768735](#)). NMDARs mediate simultaneously the potassium efflux and the influx of calcium and sodium (By similarity). Each GluN2 subunit confers differential attributes to channel properties, including activation, deactivation and desensitization kinetics, pH sensitivity, Ca<sup>2+</sup>(+) permeability, and binding to allosteric modulators (PubMed:[26875626](#), PubMed:[26919761](#)). Participates in the synaptic plasticity regulation through activation by the L- glutamate released by BEST1, into the synaptic cleft, upon F2R/PAR-1 activation in astrocyte (By similarity).

### Cellular Location

Cell projection, dendritic spine {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q00959}. Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Synapse {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P35436} Postsynaptic cell membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q00959}; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cytoplasmic vesicle membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P35436}. Note=Expression at the dendrite cell membrane and at synapses is regulated by SORCS2 and the retromer complex. {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P35436}

### Images

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Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human brain. Antibody was diluted at 1:100(4°,overnight). High-pressure and temperature Tris-EDTA,pH8.0 was used for antigen retrieval. Negative contrl (right) obtained from antibody was pre-absorbed by immunogen peptide.

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