

Bmx (phospho Tyr566) Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP67649

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P, IF, ICC, E
Primary Accession	P51813
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	78011

Additional Information

Gene ID	660
Other Names	BMX; Cytoplasmic tyrosine-protein kinase BMX; Bone marrow tyrosine kinase gene in chromosome X protein; Epithelial and endothelial tyrosine kinase; ETK; NTK38
Dilution	WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA: 1/10000. Not yet tested in other applications. IHC-P~~N/A IF~~1:50~200 ICC~~N/A E~~N/A
Format	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.
Storage Conditions	-20°C

Protein Information

Name	BMX
Function	Non-receptor tyrosine kinase that plays central but diverse modulatory roles in various signaling processes involved in the regulation of actin reorganization, cell migration, cell proliferation and survival, cell adhesion, and apoptosis. Participates in signal transduction stimulated by growth factor receptors, cytokine receptors, G-protein coupled receptors, antigen receptors and integrins. Induces tyrosine phosphorylation of BCAR1 in response to integrin regulation. Activation of BMX by integrins is mediated by PTK2/FAK1, a key mediator of integrin signaling events leading to the regulation of actin cytoskeleton and cell motility. Plays a critical role in TNF-induced angiogenesis, and implicated in the signaling of TEK and FLT1 receptors, 2 important receptor families essential for angiogenesis. Required for the phosphorylation and activation of STAT3, a transcription factor involved in cell differentiation. Also involved in interleukin-6 (IL6) induced differentiation. Also plays a role in programming adaptive cytoprotection against extracellular stress in different cell systems, salivary epithelial cells, brain endothelial cells,

and dermal fibroblasts. May be involved in regulation of endocytosis through its interaction with an endosomal protein RUFY1. May also play a role in the growth and differentiation of hematopoietic cells; as well as in signal transduction in endocardial and arterial endothelial cells.

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Note=Localizes to the edges of spreading cells when complexed with BCAR1

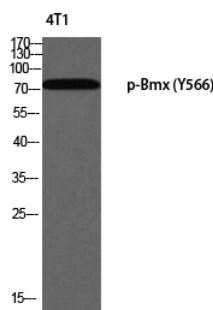
Tissue Location

Highly expressed in cells with great migratory potential, including endothelial cells and metastatic carcinoma cell lines

Background

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Images



Western blot analysis of 4T1 using p-Bmx (Y566) antibody.

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