

ATP7B Antibody (C-term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP6504B

Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P, IF, FC, E

Primary Accession <u>P35670</u>

Reactivity Human, Rat, Mouse

HostRabbitClonalityPolyclonalIsotypeRabbit IgGCalculated MW157263Antigen Region1361-1391

Additional Information

Gene ID 540

Other Names Copper-transporting ATPase 2, Copper pump 2, Wilson disease-associated

protein, WND/140 kDa, ATP7B, PWD, WC1, WND

Target/Specificity This ATP7B antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 1361-1391 amino acids from the

C-terminal region of human ATP7B.

Dilution WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:100~500 IF~~1:10~50 FC~~1:10~50 E~~Use at an assay

dependent concentration.

Format Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.05% (V/V) Proclin 300. This

antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity

purification.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions ATP7B Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic

or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name ATP7B

Synonyms PWD, WC1, WND

Function Copper ion transmembrane transporter involved in the export of copper

out of the cells. It is involved in copper homeostasis in the liver, where it

ensures the efflux of copper from hepatocytes into the bile in response to copper overload.

Cellular Location Golgi apparatu

Golgi apparatus, trans-Golgi network membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Late endosome Note=Predominantly found in the trans-Golgi network (TGN). Localized in the trans-Golgi network under low copper conditions, redistributes to cytoplasmic vesicles when cells are exposed to elevated copper levels, and then recycles back to the trans-Golgi network when copper is removed (PubMed:10942420). [Isoform 2]: Cytoplasm

Tissue Location

Most abundant in liver and kidney and also found in brain. Isoform 2 is expressed in brain but not in liver. The cleaved form WND/140 kDa is found in liver cell lines and other tissues

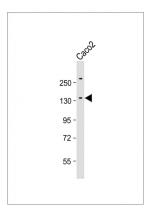
Background

ATP7B is a member of the P-type cation transport ATPase family and a protein with several membrane-spanning domains, an ATPase consensus sequence, a hinge domain, a phosphorylation site, and at least 2 putative copper-binding sites. This protein functions as a monomer, exporting copper out of the cells, such as the efflux of hepatic copper into the bile.

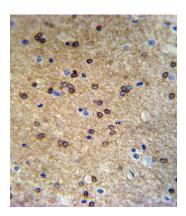
References

Martinez-Balibrea, E., Int. J. Cancer 124 (12), 2905-2910 (2009)

Images

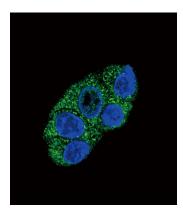


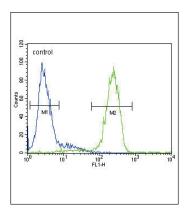
Anti-ATP7B Antibody (C-term) at 1:2000 dilution + Caco2 whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 157 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.



ATP7B Antibody (C-term) (Cat.# AP6504b) IHC analysis in formalin fixed and paraffin embedded mouse brain tissue followed by peroxidase conjugation of the secondary antibody and DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of the ATP7B Antibody (C-term) for immunohistochemistry. Clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

Confocal immunofluorescent analysis of ATP7B Antibody (C-term)(Cat#AP6504b) with HepG2 cell followed by Alexa Fluor搴?488-conjugated goat anti-rabbit lgG (green). DAPI was used to stain the cell nuclear (blue).





ATP7B Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP6504b) flow cytometric analysis of HepG2 cells (right histogram) compared to a negative control cell (left histogram).FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.