

ABCB5 Monoclonal Antibody(11A2)

Catalog # AP63328

Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P, IF, ICC

Primary Accession

Reactivity

Host

Clonality

Calculated MW

Q2M3G0

Human

Mouse

Monoclonal

138641

Additional Information

Gene ID 340273

Other Names ABCB5; ATP-binding cassette sub-family B member 5; ABCB5 P-gp;

P-glycoprotein ABCB5

Dilution WB~~WB: 1:2000 IF 1:200 IHC 1:50-300 IHC-P~~WB: 1:2000 IF 1:200 IHC

1:50-300 IF~~1:50~200 ICC~~N/A

Format PBS, pH 7.4, containing 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide as Preservative and 50%

Glycerol.

Storage Conditions -20°C

Protein Information

Name ABCB5 (HGNC:46)

Function Energy-dependent efflux transporter responsible for decreased drug

accumulation in multidrug-resistant cells (PubMed: 12960149,

PubMed:<u>15205344</u>, PubMed:<u>15899824</u>, PubMed:<u>22306008</u>). Specifically present in limbal stem cells, where it plays a key role in corneal development

and repair (By similarity).

Cellular Location Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein

{ECO:0000255|PROSITE-ProRule:PRU00441,

ECO:0000269 | PubMed:12960149}

Tissue Location Expressed by CD133-expressing progenitor cells among epidermal

melanocytes (at protein level). Widely expressed with specific expression in pigment cells. Highly expressed in several malignant tissues: highly expressed in clinical melanomas, with low expression in normal skin. In melanoma, marks malignant melanoma- initiating cells (MMIC), in which clinical virulence resides as a consequence of unlimited self-renewal capacity, resulting in inexorable tumor progression and metastasis. Also highly expressed in a

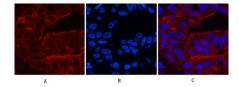
Background

Drug efflux transporter present in a number of stem cells that acts as a regulator of cellular differentiation. Able to mediate efflux from cells of the rhodamine dye and of the therapeutic drug doxorubicin. Specifically present in limbal stem cells, where it plays a key role in corneal development and repair.

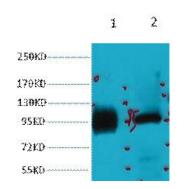
Images



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human-breast-cancer tissue. 1,ABCB5 Monoclonal Antibody(11A2) was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval(>98°C,20min). 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room tempeRature, 30min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



Immunofluorescence analysis of Human-liver-cancer tissue. 1,ABCB5 Monoclonal Antibody(11A2)(red) was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Cy3 labled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300(room temperature, 50min).3, Picture B: DAPI(blue) 10min. Picture A:Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B



Western blot analysis of 1) Hela, 2) 293T, diluted at 1:2000. cells nucleus extracted by Minute TM Cytoplasmic and Nuclear Fractionation kit (SC-003,Inventbiotech,MN,USA).

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.