

Anti-hnRNP D0 (pS83) Antibody

Rabbit polyclonal antibody to hnRNP D0 (pS83) Catalog # AP61167

Product Information

Application WB, IF/IC, IHC

Primary Accession Q14103 Other Accession Q60668

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 38434

Additional Information

Gene ID 3184

Other Names AUF1; HNRPD; Heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein D0; hnRNP D0;

AU-rich element RNA-binding protein 1

Target/Specificity KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the center

region of human hnRNP D0 (pS83). The exact sequence is proprietary.

Dilution WB~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000), IHC (1/50 - 1/200), IF/IC (1/100 - 1/500) IF/IC~~N/A

IHC~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000), IHC (1/50 - 1/200), IF/IC (1/100 - 1/500)

Format Liquid in 0.42% Potassium phosphate, 0.87% Sodium chloride, pH 7.3, 30%

glycerol, and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Storage Store at -20 °C.Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

Protein Information

Name HNRNPD

Synonyms AUF1, HNRPD

Function Binds with high affinity to RNA molecules that contain AU- rich elements

(AREs) found within the 3'-UTR of many proto-oncogenes and cytokine mRNAs. Also binds to double- and single-stranded DNA sequences in a specific manner and functions a transcription factor. Each of the RNA-binding domains specifically can bind solely to a single-stranded non-monotonous 5'-UUAG-3' sequence and also weaker to the single-stranded 5'-TTAGGG-3' telomeric DNA repeat. Binds RNA oligonucleotides with 5'-UUAGGG-3' repeats more tightly than the telomeric single-stranded DNA 5'-TTAGGG-3' repeats. Binding of RRM1 to DNA inhibits the formation of DNA quadruplex structure

which may play a role in telomere elongation. May be involved in

translationally coupled mRNA turnover. Implicated with other RNA-binding proteins in the cytoplasmic deadenylation/translational and decay interplay of the FOS mRNA mediated by the major coding-region determinant of instability (mCRD) domain. May play a role in the regulation of the rhythmic expression of circadian clock core genes. Directly binds to the 3'UTR of CRY1 mRNA and induces CRY1 rhythmic translation. May also be involved in the regulation of PER2 translation.

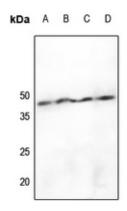
Cellular Location

Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Note=Localized in cytoplasmic mRNP granules containing untranslated mRNAs. Component of ribonucleosomes. Cytoplasmic localization oscillates diurnally

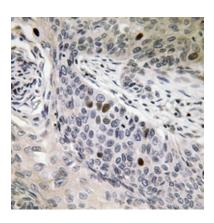
Background

KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the center region of human hnRNP D0 (pS83). The exact sequence is proprietary.

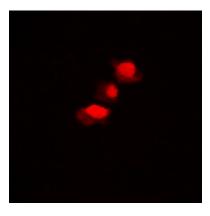
Images



Western blot analysis of hnRNP D0 (pS83) expression in THP1 (A), SGC7901 (B), mouse lung (C), rat lung (D) whole cell lysates.



Immunohistochemical analysis of hnRNP D0 (pS83) staining in human lung cancer formalin fixed paraffin embedded tissue section. The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0). The section was then incubated with the antibody at room temperature and detected using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. The section was then counterstained with haematoxylin and mounted with DPX.



Immunofluorescent analysis of hnRNP D0 (pS83) staining in HeLa cells. Formalin-fixed cells were permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 in TBS for 5-10 minutes and blocked with 3% BSA-PBS for 30 minutes at room temperature. Cells were probed with the primary antibody in 3% BSA-PBS and incubated overnight at 4 °C in a hidified chamber. Cells were washed with PBST and incubated with a Alexa Fluor 594-conjugated secondary antibody (red) in PBS at room temperature in the dark.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.