

Anti-CD84 Antibody

Rabbit polyclonal antibody to CD84 Catalog # AP60794

Product Information

ApplicationWBPrimary AccessionQ9UIB8Other AccessionQ18PI6

Reactivity Human, Mouse

HostRabbitClonalityPolyclonalCalculated MW38782

Additional Information

Gene ID 8832

Other Names SLAMF5; SLAM family member 5; Cell surface antigen MAX.3; Hly9-beta;

Leukocyte differentiation antigen CD84; Signaling lymphocytic activation

molecule 5; CD84

Target/Specificity KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the center

region of human CD84. The exact sequence is proprietary.

Dilution WB~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000)

Format Liquid in 0.42% Potassium phosphate, 0.87% Sodium chloride, pH 7.3, 30%

glycerol, and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Storage Store at -20 °C.Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

Protein Information

Name CD84

Synonyms SLAMF5

Function Self-ligand receptor of the signaling lymphocytic activation molecule (SLAM)

family. SLAM receptors triggered by homo- or heterotypic cell-cell interactions are modulating the activation and differentiation of a wide variety of immune cells and thus are involved in the regulation and interconnection of both innate and adaptive immune response. Activities are controlled by presence or absence of small cytoplasmic adapter proteins, SH2D1A/SAP and/or SH2D1B/EAT-2. Can mediate natural killer (NK) cell cytotoxicity dependent on SH2D1A and SH2D1B (By similarity). Increases proliferative responses of activated T-cells and SH2D1A/SAP does not seem be required for this process. Homophilic interactions enhance interferon gamma/IFNG secretion in

lymphocytes and induce platelet stimulation via a SH2D1A-dependent pathway. May serve as a marker for hematopoietic progenitor cells (PubMed:11564780, PubMed:12115647, PubMed:12928397, PubMed:12962726, PubMed:16037392) Required for a prolonged T-cell:B-cell contact, optimal T follicular helper function, and germinal center formation. In germinal centers involved in maintaining B-cell tolerance and in preventing autoimmunity (By similarity). In mast cells negatively regulates high affinity immunoglobulin epsilon receptor signaling; independent of SH2D1A and SH2D1B but implicating FES and PTPN6/SHP-1 (PubMed:22068234). In macrophages enhances LPS-induced MAPK phosphorylation and NF-kappaB activation and modulates LPS-induced cytokine secretion; involving ITSM 2 (By similarity). Positively regulates macroautophagy in primary dendritic cells via stabilization of IRF8; inhibits TRIM21-mediated proteasomal degradation of IRF8 (PubMed:29434592).

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein

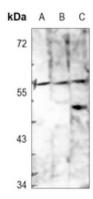
Tissue Location

Predominantly expressed in hematopoietic tissues, such as lymph node, spleen and peripheral leukocytes. Expressed in macrophages, B-cells, monocytes, platelets, thymocytes, T-cells and dendritic cells. Highly expressed in memory T-cells. Expressed in mast cells.

Background

KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the center region of human CD84. The exact sequence is proprietary.

Images



Western blot analysis of CD84 expression in HEK293T (A), A549 (B), mouse spleen (C) whole cell lysates.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.