

# Anti-ASK1 (pS83) Antibody

Rabbit polyclonal antibody to ASK1 (pS83) Catalog # AP60584

#### **Product Information**

Application WB, IHC
Primary Accession Q99683
Other Accession O35099

**Reactivity** Human, Mouse, Rat, Bovine

HostRabbitClonalityPolyclonalCalculated MW154537

### **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 4217

Other Names ASK1; MAPKKK5; MEKK5; Mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase kinase 5;

Apoptosis signal-regulating kinase 1; ASK-1; MAPK/ERK kinase kinase 5; MEK

kinase 5; MEKK 5

**Target/Specificity** KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the

N-term region of human ASK1. The exact sequence is proprietary.

**Dilution** WB~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000), IHC (1/100 - 1/200) IHC~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000), IHC

(1/100 - 1/200)

**Format** Liquid in 0.42% Potassium phosphate, 0.87% Sodium chloride, pH 7.3, 30%

glycerol, and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

**Storage** Store at -20 °C.Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

### **Protein Information**

Name MAP3K5

**Synonyms** ASK1, MAPKKK5, MEKK5

**Function** Serine/threonine kinase which acts as an essential component of the MAP

kinase signal transduction pathway. Plays an important role in the cascades of cellular responses evoked by changes in the environment. Mediates signaling for determination of cell fate such as differentiation and survival. Plays a

crucial role in the apoptosis signal transduction pathway through

mitochondria-dependent caspase activation. MAP3K5/ASK1 is required for the innate immune response, which is essential for host defense against a wide range of pathogens. Mediates signal transduction of various stressors like oxidative stress as well as by receptor-mediated inflammatory signals, such as

the tumor necrosis factor (TNF) or lipopolysaccharide (LPS). Once activated, acts as an upstream activator of the MKK/JNK signal transduction cascade and the p38 MAPK signal transduction cascade through the phosphorylation and activation of several MAP kinase kinases like MAP2K4/SEK1, MAP2K3/MKK3, MAP2K6/MKK6 and MAP2K7/MKK7. These MAP2Ks in turn activate p38 MAPKs and c-jun N-terminal kinases (JNKs). Both p38 MAPK and JNKs control the transcription factors activator protein-1 (AP-1).

**Cellular Location** 

Cytoplasm. Endoplasmic reticulum. Note=Interaction with 14-3-3 proteins alters the distribution of MAP3K5/ASK1 and restricts it to the perinuclear endoplasmic reticulum region

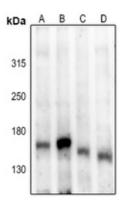
**Tissue Location** 

Abundantly expressed in heart and pancreas.

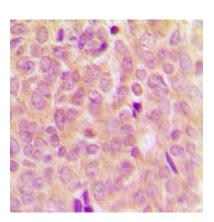
## **Background**

KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the N-term region of human ASK1. The exact sequence is proprietary.

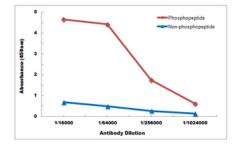
## **Images**



Western blot analysis of ASK1 (pS83) expression in Panc1 (A), H1792 (B), H9C2 (C), CT26 (D) whole cell lysates.



Immunohistochemical analysis of ASK1 (pS83) staining in human breast cancer formalin fixed paraffin embedded tissue section. The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0). The section was then incubated with the antibody at room temperature and detected using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. The section was then counterstained with haematoxylin and mounted with DPX.



Direct ELISA antibody dose-response curve using Anti-ASK1 (pS83) Antibody. Antigen (phosphopeptide and non-phosphopeptide) concentration is 5 ug/ml. Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H&L) - HRP was used as the secondary antibody, and signal was developed by TMB substrate.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.