

Anti-SP1 Antibody

Rabbit polyclonal antibody to SP1 Catalog # AP60052

Product Information

ApplicationWB, IF/ICPrimary AccessionP08047Other Accession089090

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat, Monkey, Chicken, Bovine

HostRabbitClonalityPolyclonalCalculated MW80693

Additional Information

Gene ID 6667

Other Names TSFP1; Transcription factor Sp1

Target/Specificity KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the center

region of human SP1. The exact sequence is proprietary.

Dilution WB~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000), IF/IC (1/100 - 1/500) IF/IC~~N/A

Format Liquid in 0.42% Potassium phosphate, 0.87% Sodium chloride, pH 7.3, 30%

glycerol, and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Storage Store at -20 °C.Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

Protein Information

Name SP1

Synonyms TSFP1

Function Transcription factor that can activate or repress transcription in response to

physiological and pathological stimuli. Binds with high affinity to GC-rich motifs and regulates the expression of a large number of genes involved in a variety of processes such as cell growth, apoptosis, differentiation and immune responses. Highly regulated by post-translational modifications (phosphorylations, sumoylation, proteolytic cleavage, glycosylation and acetylation). Also binds the PDGFR-alpha G-box promoter. May have a role in modulating the cellular response to DNA damage. Implicated in chromatin remodeling. Plays an essential role in the regulation of FE65 gene expression. In complex with ATF7IP, maintains telomerase activity in cancer cells by inducing TERT and TERC gene expression. Isoform 3 is a stronger activator of transcription than isoform 1. Positively regulates the transcription of the core

clock component BMAL1 (PubMed:10391891, PubMed:11371615, PubMed:11904305, PubMed:14593115, PubMed:16377629, PubMed:16478997, PubMed:16943418, PubMed:17049555, PubMed:18171990, PubMed:18199680, PubMed:18239466, PubMed:18513490, PubMed:18619531, PubMed:19193796, PubMed:20091743, PubMed:21046154, PubMed:21798247). Plays a role in the recruitment of SMARCA4/BRG1 on the c-FOS promoter. Plays a role in protecting cells against oxidative stress following brain injury by regulating the expression of RNF112 (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Note=Nuclear location is governed by glycosylated/phosphorylated states. Insulin promotes nuclear location, while glucagon favors cytoplasmic location

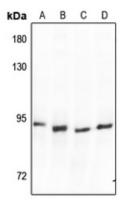
Tissue Location

Up-regulated in adenocarcinomas of the stomach (at protein level). Isoform 3 is ubiquitously expressed at low levels

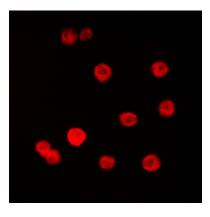
Background

KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the center region of human SP1. The exact sequence is proprietary.

Images



Western blot analysis of SP1 expression in PC12 (A), CT26 (B), Hela (C), COS7 (D) whole cell lysates.



Immunofluorescent analysis of SP1 staining in K562 cells. Formalin-fixed cells were permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 in TBS for 5-10 minutes and blocked with 3% BSA-PBS for 30 minutes at room temperature. Cells were probed with the primary antibody in 3% BSA-PBS and incubated overnight at 4 °C in a humidified chamber. Cells were washed with PBST and incubated with a DyLight 594-conjugated secondary antibody (red) in PBS at room temperature in the dark.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.