

# Anti-CHRNA10 Antibody

Rabbit polyclonal antibody to CHRNA10 Catalog # AP59856

#### **Product Information**

ApplicationWB, IPPrimary AccessionQ9GZZ6

Reactivity Human, Monkey

HostRabbitClonalityPolyclonalCalculated MW49705

#### **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 57053

Other Names NACHRA10; Neuronal acetylcholine receptor subunit alpha-10; Nicotinic

acetylcholine receptor subunit alpha-10; NACHR alpha-10

**Target/Specificity** KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the

C-term region of human CHRNA10. The exact sequence is proprietary.

**Dilution** WB~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000), IP (1/10 - 1/100) IP~~N/A

**Format** Liquid in 0.42% Potassium phosphate, 0.87% Sodium chloride, pH 7.3, 30%

glycerol, and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

**Storage** Store at -20 °C.Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

#### **Protein Information**

Name CHRNA10 ( HGNC:13800)

Synonyms NACHRA10

**Function** Component of neuronal acetylcholine receptors (nAChRs) that function as

pentameric, ligand-gated cation channels with high calcium permeability. nAChRs are excitatory neurotrasnmitter receptors formed by a collection of nAChR subunits. Each nAchR subunit confers differential attributes to channel properties, including activation, deactivation and desensitization kinetics, pH

sensitivity, cation permeability, and binding to allosteric modulators

(Probable). Forms heteropentamers with CHRNA9. Expressed in the inner ear,

in sympathetic neurons and in other non-neuronal cells, such as skin keratinocytes and lymphocytes (PubMed:11752216, PubMed:15531379). nAChR formed by CHRNA9:CHRNA10 is involved in modulation of auditory stimuli. The channel is permeable to a range of divalent cations including calcium, the influx of which may activate a potassium current which

hyperpolarizes the cell membrane. In the ear, mediates synaptic transmission between efferent olivocochlear fibers and hair cells of the cochlea, this may lead to a reduction in basilar membrane motion, altering the activity of auditory nerve fibers and reducing the range of dynamic hearing (PubMed:11752216). This may protect against acoustic trauma. May also regulate keratinocyte adhesion (By similarity).

**Cellular Location** 

Synaptic cell membrane {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q9JLB5}; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cell membrane {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q9JLB5}; Multi-pass membrane protein

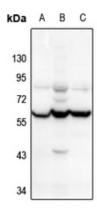
**Tissue Location** 

Expressed in inner-ear tissue, tonsil, immortalized B-cells, cultured T-cells and peripheral blood lymphocytes

## **Background**

KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the C-term region of human CHRNA10. The exact sequence is proprietary.

### **Images**



Western blot analysis of CHRNA10 expression in Jurkat (A), K562 (B), THP1 (C) whole cell lysates.

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