

# Anti-PGHS-1 Antibody

Rabbit polyclonal antibody to PGHS-1 Catalog # AP59682

#### **Product Information**

ApplicationWBPrimary AccessionP23219Other AccessionP22437

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 68686

#### **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 5742

Other Names COX1; Prostaglandin G/H synthase 1; Cyclooxygenase-1; COX-1; Prostaglandin

H2 synthase 1; PGH synthase 1; PGHS-1; PHS 1; Prostaglandin-endoperoxide

synthase 1

**Target/Specificity** Recognizes endogenous levels of PGHS-1 protein.

**Dilution** WB~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000)

**Format** Liquid in 0.42% Potassium phosphate, 0.87% Sodium chloride, pH 7.3, 30%

glycerol, and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

**Storage** Store at -20 °C.Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

#### **Protein Information**

Name PTGS1 ( HGNC:9604)

**Function** Dual cyclooxygenase and peroxidase that plays an important role in the

biosynthesis pathway of prostanoids, a class of C20 oxylipins mainly derived from arachidonate ((5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- eicosatetraenoate, AA, C20:4(n-6)), with a particular role in the inflammatory response. The cyclooxygenase activity oxygenates AA to the hydroperoxy endoperoxide prostaglandin G2 (PGG2), and the peroxidase activity reduces PGG2 to the hydroxy endoperoxide prostaglandin H2 (PGH2), the precursor of all 2-series prostaglandins and thromboxanes. This complex transformation is initiated by abstraction of hydrogen at carbon 13 (with S-stereochemistry), followed by insertion of molecular O2 to form the endoperoxide bridge between carbon 9 and 11 that

(bis-oxygenase activity) yields a hydroperoxy group in PGG2 that is then reduced to PGH2 by two electrons (PubMed: 7947975). Involved in the

defines prostaglandins. The insertion of a second molecule of O2

constitutive production of prostanoids in particular in the stomach and platelets. In gastric epithelial cells, it is a key step in the generation of prostaglandins, such as prostaglandin E2 (PGE2), which plays an important role in cytoprotection. In platelets, it is involved in the generation of thromboxane A2 (TXA2), which promotes platelet activation and aggregation, vasoconstriction and proliferation of vascular smooth muscle cells (Probable). Can also use linoleate (LA, (9Z,12Z)- octadecadienoate, C18:2(n-6)) as substrate and produce hydroxyoctadecadienoates (HODEs) in a regio- and stereospecific manner, being (9R)-HODE ((9R)-hydroxy-(10E,12Z)-octadecadienoate) and (13S)- HODE ((13S)-hydroxy-(9Z,11E)-octadecadienoate) its major products (By similarity).

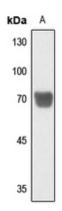
#### **Cellular Location**

Microsome membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Peripheral membrane protein

## **Background**

KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the C-term region of human PGHS-1. The exact sequence is proprietary.

### **Images**



Western blot analysis of PGHS-1 expression in Hela (A) whole cell lysates.

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