

## DDAH2 Polyclonal Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP58056

## **Product Information**

**Application** IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, E

Primary Accession 095865

**Reactivity** Rat, Dog, Bovine

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 29644
Physical State Liquid

Immunogen KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human DDAH2

Epitope Specificity 41-140/285 Isotype IgG

**Purity** affinity purified by Protein A

Buffer 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

**SIMILARITY** Belongs to the DDAH family.

**Important Note** This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in

human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

**Background Descriptions** This gene belongs to the dimethylarginine dimethylaminohydrolase (DDAH)

gene family. The encoded enzyme plays a role in nitric oxide generation by regulating cellular concentrations of methylarginines, which in turn inhibit

nitric oxide synthase activity. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

## **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 23564

**Other Names** N(G), N(G)-dimethylarginine dimethylaminohydrolase 2, DDAH-2,

Dimethylarginine dimethylaminohydrolase 2, 3.5.3.18, DDAHII,

Dimethylargininase-2, Protein G6a, S-phase protein, DDAH2, DDAH, G6A,

NG30

**Target/Specificity** Detected in heart, placenta, lung, liver, skeletal muscle, kidney and pancreas,

and at very low levels in brain.

**Dilution** IHC-P=1:100-500,IHC-F=1:100-500,IF=1:100-500,ELISA=1:5000-10000

Format 0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce

**Storage** Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When

reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody

is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

## **Protein Information**

Name DDAH2 ( HGNC:2716)

Synonyms DDAH, G6A, NG30

**Function** Putative hydrolase with unknown substrate (Probable). Does not hydrolyze

N(G),N(G)-dimethyl-L-arginine (ADMA) which acts as an inhibitor of NOS (PubMed:<u>21493890</u>, PubMed:<u>37296100</u>). In endothelial cells, induces expression of vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF) via phosphorylation of the transcription factor SP1 by PKA in a process that is independent of NO and NO synthase (By similarity). Similarly, enhances pancreatic insulin secretion through SP1-mediated transcriptional up-regulation of

secretagogin/SCGN, an insulin vesicle docking protein (By similarity). Upon viral infection, relocates to mitochondria where it promotes mitochondrial fission through activation of DNM1L leading to the inhibition of innate

response activation mediated by MAVS (PubMed:33850055).

**Cellular Location** Cytoplasm. Mitochondrion Note=Translocates from cytosol to mitochondrion

upon IL1B stimulation in chondrocytes

**Tissue Location** Detected in heart, placenta, lung, liver, skeletal muscle, kidney and pancreas,

and at very low levels in brain

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.