

Secretory phospholipase A2 Polyclonal Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP57800

Product Information

Application IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, ICC, E

Primary Accession
Reactivity
Rat
Host
Clonality
Polyclonal
Calculated MW
Physical State
P31482
Rat
Polyclonal
16145
Liquid

Immunogen KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from mouse PLA2G2A

Epitope Specificity 23-100/146

Isotype IgG

Purity affinity purified by Protein A

Buffer Preservative: 0.02% Proclin300, Constituents: 1% BSA, 0.01M PBS, pH7.4.

SUBCELLULAR LOCATION Membrane.

SIMILARITY Belongs to the phospholipase A2 family.

Important Note This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in

human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Background Descriptions The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the phospholipase A2 family

(PLA2). PLA2s constitute a diverse family of enzymes with respect to

sequence, function, localization, and divalent cation requirements. This gene product belongs to group II, which contains secreted form of PLA2, an

extracellular enzyme that has a low molecular mass and requires calcium ions for catalysis. It catalyzes the hydrolysis of the sn-2 fatty acid acyl ester bond of phosphoglycerides, releasing free fatty acids and lysophospholipids, and thought to participate in the regulation of the phospholipid metabolism in biomembranes. Several alternatively spliced transcript variants with different

5' UTRs have been found for this gene.[provided by RefSeq, Sep 2009]

Additional Information

Gene ID 18780

Other Names Phospholipase A2, membrane associated, 3.1.1.4, Enhancing factor, EF, GIIC

sPLA2, Group IIA phospholipase A2, Phosphatidylcholine 2-acylhydrolase 2A,

Pla2g2a

Dilution IHC-P=1:100-500,IHC-F=1:100-500,ICC=1:100-500,IF=1:100-500,ELISA=1:5000-

10000

Format 0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce

Storage Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When

reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

Protein Information

Name

Pla2g2a

Function

Secretory calcium-dependent phospholipase A2 that primarily targets extracellular phospholipids with implications in host antimicrobial defense, inflammatory response and tissue regeneration (PubMed: 10358193, PubMed: 11694541, PubMed: 8425615). Hydrolyzes the ester bond of the fatty acyl group attached at sn-2 position of phospholipids (phospholipase A2 activity) with preference for phosphatidylethanolamines and phosphatidylglycerols over phosphatidylcholines. Contributes to lipid remodeling of cellular membranes and generation of lipid mediators involved in pathogen clearance. Displays bactericidal activity against Gram-positive bacteria by directly hydrolyzing phospholipids of the bacterial membrane (PubMed: 11694541). Upon sterile inflammation, targets membrane phospholipids of extracellular mitochondria released from activated platelets, generating free unsaturated fatty acids such as arachidonate that is used by neighboring leukocytes to synthesize inflammatory eicosanoids such as leukotrienes. Simultaneously, by compromising mitochondrial membrane integrity, promotes the release in circulation of potent damage-associated molecular pattern molecules that activate the innate immune response (By similarity). Plays a stem cell regulator role in the intestinal crypt. Within intracellular compartment mediates Paneth cell differentiation and its stem cell supporting functions by inhibiting Wnt signaling pathway in intestinal stem cell (ICS). Secreted in the intestinal lumen upon inflammation, acts in an autocrine way and promotes prostaglandin E2 synthesis that stimulates Wnt signaling pathway in ICS cells and tissue regeneration (PubMed: 27292189). May play a role in the biosynthesis of N-acyl ethanolamines that regulate energy metabolism and inflammation. Hydrolyzes N-acyl phosphatidylethanolamines to N-acyl lysophosphatidylethanolamines, which are further cleaved by a lysophospholipase D to release N-acyl ethanolamines (By similarity). Independent of its catalytic activity, acts as a ligand for integrins. Binds to and activates integrins ITGAV:ITGB3, ITGA4:ITGB1 and ITGA5:ITGB1. Binds to a site (site 2) which is distinct from the classical ligand-binding site (site 1) and induces integrin conformational changes and enhanced ligand binding to site 1. Induces cell proliferation in an integrin-dependent manner (By similarity).

Cellular Location

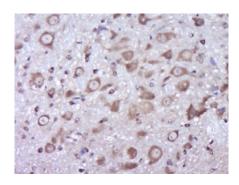
Secreted {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:P14555}. Cell membrane {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:P14555}; Peripheral membrane protein {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:P14555}. Mitochondrion outer membrane {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:P14555}; Peripheral membrane protein {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:P14555}

Tissue Location

Mainly in the Paneth cells adjacent to the stem population in the small intestines.

Images

Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (Mouse brain); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer



(normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (Secretory phospholipase A2) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (AP57800) at 1:400 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.