

GPR153 Rabbit pAb

GPR153 Rabbit pAb Catalog # AP56201

Product Information

Application WB **Primary Accession Q6NV75**

Reactivity Rat, Pig, Rabbit, Dog, Sheep

Host Rabbit Clonality Polyclonal Calculated MW 65361 **Physical State** Liquid

KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human GPR153 **Immunogen**

101-200/609 **Epitope Specificity**

Isotype IgG

Purity affinity purified by Protein A

Buffer 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

SUBCELLULAR LOCATION Cell membrane.

SIMILARITY Belongs to the G-protein coupled receptor 1 family.

Important Note This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in

human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Background Descriptions GPR153 (G protein-coupled receptor 153), also known as PGR1, is a 609 amino

> acid multi-pass membrane protein that functions as an orphan receptor and belongs to the GPR1 family. The gene encoding GPR153 maps to human chromosome 1, which spans 260 million base pairs, contains over 3,000 genes and comprises nearly 8% of the human genome. Chromosome 1 houses a large number of disease-associated genes, including those that are involved in

familial adenomatous polyposis, Stickler syndrome, Parkinson's disease,

Gaucher disease, schizophrenia and Usher syndrome.

Additional Information

Gene ID 387509

Other Names Probable G-protein coupled receptor 153, G-protein coupled receptor PGR1,

GPR153, PGR1

Dilution WB=1:500-2000

Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When Storage

reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody

is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

Protein Information

Name GPR153

Synonyms PGR1

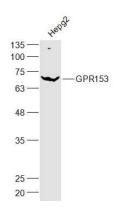
Function Orphan receptor.

Cellular Location Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.

Background

GPR153 (G protein-coupled receptor 153), also known as PGR1, is a 609 amino acid multi-pass membrane protein that functions as an orphan receptor and belongs to the GPR1 family. The gene encoding GPR153 maps to human chromosome 1, which spans 260 million base pairs, contains over 3,000 genes and comprises nearly 8% of the human genome. Chromosome 1 houses a large number of disease-associated genes, including those that are involved in familial adenomatous polyposis, Stickler syndrome, Parkinson's disease, Gaucher disease, schizophrenia and Usher syndrome.

Images



Sample:

Hepg2(Human) Cell Lysate at 30 ug

Primary: Anti-PKC iota (AP56201) at 1/300 dilution

Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at 1/20000

dilution

Predicted band size: 65 kD Observed band size: 65 kD

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.