

GAS2 Polyclonal Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP55123

Product Information

Application IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, ICC, E

Primary Accession 043903

Reactivity Rat, Pig, Bovine

Host Rabbit Clonality Polyclonal Calculated MW 34945 **Physical State** Liquid

Immunogen KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human GAS2

141-240/313 **Epitope Specificity**

Isotype IgG

affinity purified by Protein A **Purity**

Buffer

0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol. SUBCELLULAR LOCATION Cytoplasm > cytoskeleton, Membrane, Component of the microfilament

system. Colocalizes with actin fibers at the cell border and along the stress fibers in growth-arrested fibroblasts. Mainly membrane-associated. When

hyperphosphorylated, accumulates at membrane ruffles.

SIMILARITY Belongs to the GAS2 family. Contains 1 CH (calponin-homology) domain.

Contains 1 GAR domain.

Post-translational modifications **Important Note**

Cleaved, during apoptosis, on a specific aspartic residue by caspases. Phosphorylated on serine residues during the G0-G1 transition phase. This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in

human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Background Descriptions Gas2 is a 313 amino acid protein encoded by the human gene GAS2. Gas2 is

> thought to play a role in apoptosis by acting as a cell death substrate for caspases. Gas2, a component of the microfilament system, is cleaved by a caspase (caspase-3 and caspase-7) at Asparagine 278 during apoptosis. The cleaved form resulting from this dramatically induces the rearrangement of the Actin cytoskeleton and causes potent changes in the shape of the affected cells. Gas2 is believed to also be involved in the membrane ruffling process. During the G0-G1 transition phase Gas2 can be found phosphorylated on its serine residues. Gas2 is a cytoskeleton and peripheral membrane protein that co-localizes with Actin fibers at the cell border and along the stress fibers in growth-arrested fibroblasts. Gas2 is mainly membrane-associated but when hyperphosphorylated it will accumulate at membrane ruffles. Gas2 is specifically expressed at growth arrest and is ubiquitously expressed with highest levels found in liver, lung and kidney. There is no evidence, however,

of Gas2 expression in spleen.

Additional Information

Gene ID 2620 Other Names Growth arrest-specific protein 2, GAS-2, GAS2

Target/Specificity Ubiquitously expressed with highest levels in liver, lung, and kidney. Not

found in spleen.

Dilution IHC-P=1:100-500,IHC-F=1:100-500,ICC=1:100-500,IF=1:100-500,ELISA=1:5000-

10000

Format 0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce

Storage Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When

reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody

is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

Protein Information

Name GAS2

Function Required to maintain microtubule bundles in inner ear supporting cells,

affording them with mechanical stiffness to transmit sound energy through

the cochlea.

Cellular Location Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, stress fiber. Membrane

{ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P11862}; Peripheral membrane protein

{ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:P11862} Note=Component of the microfilament system. Colocalizes with actin fibers at the cell border and along the stress fibers in growth- arrested fibroblasts. Mainly membrane-associated. When hyperphosphorylated, accumulates at membrane ruffles (By similarity) Colocalizes with detyrosinated alpha-tubulin along the length of microtubule

bundles in inner and outer pillar cells (By similarity)

{ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:P11862}

Tissue Location Ubiquitously expressed with highest levels in liver, lung, and kidney. Not

found in spleen

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.