

USP17L24 Antibody (C-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP5491b

Product Information

Application IHC-P-Leica, IF, WB, FC, E

Primary Accession Q0WX57

Other Accession C9JPN9, D6RA61, D6R901, D6RJB6, D6RCP7, D6R9N7, D6RBQ6, C9J2P7, C9JLJ4,

<u>C9JVI0</u>, <u>A8MUK1</u>, <u>XP_001130410.1</u>

Reactivity Human
Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit IgG
Clone Names RB26955
Calculated MW 59711
Antigen Region 496-524

Additional Information

Gene ID 728369;728373;728379;728393;728400;728405;728419

Other Names Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase 17-like protein 24, Deubiquitinating

enzyme 17, Ubiquitin thioesterase 17, Ubiquitin-specific-processing protease

17, USP17L24

Target/Specificity This USP17L24 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 496-524 amino acids from the

C-terminal region of human USP17L24.

Dilution IHC-P-Leica~~1:500 IF~~1:25 WB~~1:1000 FC~~1:10~50 E~~Use at an assay

dependent concentration.

Format Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions USP17L24 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in

diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name USP17L24

Function Deubiquitinating enzyme that removes conjugated ubiquitin from specific

proteins to regulate different cellular processes that may include cell proliferation, progression through the cell cycle, apoptosis, cell migration, and

the cellular response to viral infection.

Cellular Location Nucleus, nucleolus. Endoplasmic reticulum

Tissue Location Expressed in heart, brain, liver and skeletal muscle.

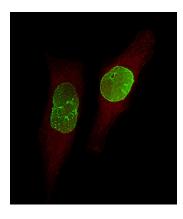
Background

UBP17 recognizes and hydrolyzes the peptide bond at the C-terminal Gly of ubiquitin. Involved in the processing of poly-ubiquitin precursors as well as that of ubiquinated proteins (By similarity).

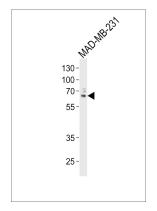
Images



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human brain tissue using AP5491b performed on the Leica® BOND RXm. Tissue was fixed with formaldehyde at room temperature, antigen retrieval was by heat mediation with a EDTA buffer (pH9. 0). Samples were incubated with primary antibody(1:500) for 1 hours at room temperature. A undiluted biotinylated CRF Anti-Polyvalent HRP Polymer antibody was used as the secondary antibody.

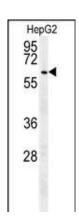


Immunofluorescent analysis of 4% paraformaldehyde-fixed, 0. 1% Triton X-100 permeabilized U-251 MG cells labeling USP17L24 with AP5491b at 1/25 dilution, followed by Dylight® 488-conjugated goat anti-Rabbit IgG secondary antibody at 1/200 dilution (green). Immunofluorescence image showing Nucleus staining on U-251 MG cell line. Cytoplasmic actin is detected with Dylight® 554 Phalloidin(red). The nuclear counter stain is DAPI (blue).

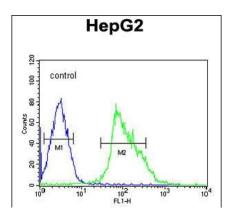


Western blot analysis of lysate from MAD-MB-231 cell line, using USP17 Antibody (C-term)(Cat. #AP5491b). AP5491b was diluted at 1:1000. A goat anti-rabbit IgG H&L(HRP) at 1:10000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody. Lysate at 20ug.

UBP17 Antibody (C-term) (Cat.#AP5491b) western blot analysis in HepG2 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the UBP17 antibody detected the UBP17



protein (arrow).



UBP17 Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP5491b) flow cytometric analysis of HepG2 cells (right histogram) compared to a negative control cell (left histogram).FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

Citations

- <u>Deubiquitinating enzymes USP4 and USP17 finetune the trafficking of PDGFRβ and affect PDGF-BB-induced STAT3 signalling</u>
- Ubiquitin-specific peptidase 17 promotes cisplatin resistance via PI3K/AKT activation in non-small cell lung cancer
- <u>USP17 Suppresses Tumorigenesis and Tumor Growth through Deubiquitinating AEP.</u>
- Expression and functional implications of USP17 in glioma.
- <u>Suppression of Ubiquitin-Specific Peptidase 17 (USP17) Inhibits Tumorigenesis and Invasion in Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Cells.</u>

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.