

GRID1 Polyclonal Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP54725

Product Information

Application IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, ICC, E

Primary Accession Q9ULK0

Reactivity Rat, Dog, Bovine

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 112131
Physical State Liquid

Immunogen KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human GRID1

Epitope Specificity 501-600/1009

Isotype IgG

Purity affinity purified by Protein A

Buffer 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

SUBCELLULAR LOCATION Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein (By similarity). Cell junction,

synapse, postsynaptic cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein (By

similarity).

SIMILARITY Belongs to the glutamate-gated ion channel (TC 1.A.10.1) family. GRID1

subfamily.

Important Note This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in

human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Background Descriptions Glutamate receptors mediate most excitatory neurotransmissions in the brain

and play an important role in neural plasticity, neural development and neurodegeneration. Ionotropic glutamate receptors are divided into two categories, namely NMDA receptors and kainate/AMPA receptors, both of which contain glutamate-gated, cation-specific ion channels. Kainate/AMPA receptors consist of seven structurally related subunits, designated GluR-1 to -7, and are primarily responsible for fast excitatory neurotransmissions carried out by glutamate. GluR-delta 1 (Glutamate receptor delta-1 subunit), also known as GRID1, is a multi-pass membrane protein that belongs to the

kainate/AMPA receptor family and is expressed primarily in the brain. Localized to the cell junction and the postsynaptic cell membrane, GluR-delta 1 functions as a glutamate receptor that regulates synaptic transmissions in the central nervous system (CNS) and is thought to play an important role in synaptic plasticity. Defects in the gene encoding GluR-delta 1 are associated

with schizophrenia, a chronic and severe brain disorder.

Additional Information

Gene ID 2894

Other Names Glutamate receptor ionotropic, delta-1, GluD1, GluR delta-1 subunit, GRID1,

KIAA1220

Dilution IHC-P=1:100-500,IHC-F=1:100-500,ICC=1:100-500,IF=1:100-500,ELISA=1:5000-

10000

Format 0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce

Storage Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When

reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody

is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

Protein Information

Name GRID1 (HGNC:4575)

Synonyms KIAA1220

Function

Member of the ionotropic glutamate receptor family, which plays a crucial role in synaptic organization and signal transduction in the central nervous system. Although it shares structural features with ionotropic glutamate receptors, does not bind glutamate as a primary ligand (PubMed:38060673). Instead, forms trans-synaptic adhesion complexes with presynaptic neurexins and cerebellins, regulating NMDA and AMPA receptor activity and influencing synaptic plasticity through signal transduction (By similarity). In the presence of neurexins and cerebellins, forms cation-selective channels that are proposed to be gated by glycine and D-serine (By similarity). However, recent

research disputes this ligand-gated cation channel activity

(PubMed: <u>39052831</u>). Cation-selective ion channel can be triggered by GRM1 in dopaminergic neurons (By similarity). Also acts as a receptor for GABA,

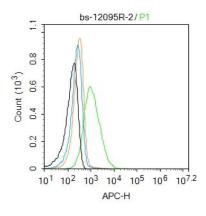
modulating inhibitory synaptic plasticity through non-ionotropic mechanisms

(PubMed:38060673).

Cellular Location

Postsynaptic cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein

Images



Blank control: Hela.

Primary Antibody (green line): Rabbit Anti-GRID1 antibody (AP54725)

Dilution: 2 µg /10^6 cells;

Isotype Control Antibody (orange line): Rabbit IgG . Secondary Antibody : Goat anti-rabbit IgG-APC

Dilution: 1 µg /test.

Protocol

The cells were incubated in 5%BSA to block non-specific protein-protein interactions for 30 min at at room temperature. Cells stained with Primary Antibody for 30 min at room temperature. The secondary antibody used for 40 min at room temperature. Acquisition of 20,000 events was performed.

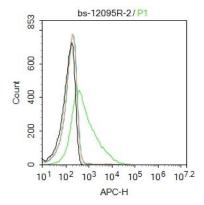
Blank control: K562.

Primary Antibody (green line): Rabbit Anti-GRID1

antibody (AP54725)

Dilution: 2 µg /10^6 cells;

Isotype Control Antibody (orange line): Rabbit IgG . Secondary Antibody : Goat anti-rabbit IgG-APC



Dilution: 1 µg /test.

Protocol

The cells were incubated in 5%BSA to block non-specific protein-protein interactions for 30 min at at room temperature .Cells stained with Primary Antibody for 30 min at room temperature. The secondary antibody used for 40 min at room temperature. Acquisition of 20,000 events was performed.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.