

Ataxin 7 Polyclonal Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP54452

Product Information

Application IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, ICC, E

Primary Accession <u>015265</u>

Reactivity Rat, Pig, Dog, Bovine

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 95451
Physical State Liquid

Immunogen KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human Ataxin 7

Epitope Specificity 301-400/892

Isotype IgG

Purity affinity purified by Protein A

Buffer SUBCELLULAR LOCATION

SIMILARITY
SUBUNIT

0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

Cytoplasmic (isoform b) and Nuclear (isoform a) Belongs to the ataxin-7 family. Contains 1 SCA7 domain.

Component of the STAGA transcription coactivator-HAT complex, at least composed of SUPT3H, GCN5L2, TAF5L, TAF6L, SUPT7L, TADA3L, TAD1L, TAF10, TAF12, TRRAP, TAF9 and ATXN7. The STAGA core complex is associated with a subcomplex required for histone deubiquitination composed of ATXN7L3, ENY2 and USP22. Interacts with SORBS1, PSMC1 and CRX. Interacts with

TRRAP, GCN5L2 and TAF10. Interacts with alpha tubulin.

Post-translational modifications

Proteolytically cleaved. The cleavage may be involved in SCA7 degeneration: the isoform fragments may exert distinct toxic influences that could

contribute to selective neurodegeneration. Sumoylation decreases the aggregation propensity and cellular toxicity of forms with an expanded poly-Gln region but has no effect on subcellular location or interaction with

components of the STAGA complex.

DISEASE Defects in ATXN7 are the cause of spinocerebellar ataxia type 7 (SCA7)

[MIM:164500]; also known as olivopontocerebellar atrophy III (OPCA III or

OPCA3) or olivopontocerebellar atrophy with retinal degeneration.

Spinocerebellar ataxia is a clinically and genetically heterogeneous group of cerebellar disorders. Patients show progressive incoordination of gait and often poor coordination of hands, speech and eye movements, due to degeneration of the cerebellum with variable involvement of the brainstem and spinal cord. SCA7 belongs to the autosomal dominant cerebellar ataxias type II (ADCA II) which are characterized by cerebellar ataxia with retinal

degeneration and pigmentary macular dystrophy.

Important Note This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in

human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Background Descriptions The human ataxin-7 gene, also known as spinocerebellar ataxia 7 or SCA7,

maps to chromosome 3p13-p12, has a 2,727-bp open reading frame, and encodes a 892 amino acid protein containing a nuclear localization signal and

a polyglutamine tract (1,2). SCA7 is an autosomal dominant

neurodegenerative disorder characterized by ataxia and selective neuronal

cell loss caused by the expansion of a translated CAG repeat encoding a polyglutamine tract in ataxin-7, which is the SCA7 gene product (3,4). Ataxin-7 is expressed within neurons both affected and unaffected in SCA7 pathology with subcellular localization being variable depending upon the neuronal subtype (5). Polyglutamine expanded in ataxin-7 may carry out its pathogenic effects in the nucleus by altering the matrix-associated nuclear structure and/or by disrupting nucleolar function (6).

Additional Information

Gene ID 6314

Other Names Ataxin-7, Spinocerebellar ataxia type 7 protein, ATXN7, SCA7

Target/Specificity Isoform a and isoform b are expressed in CNS, but isoform a is expressed

predominantly in the peripherical tissues. Isoform b is also highly expressed in the frontal lobe, skeletal muscle and spinal cord and is expressed at a lower

level in the lung, lymphoblast and intestine.

Dilution IHC-P=1:100-500,IHC-F=1:100-500,ICC=1:100-500,IF=1:100-500,ELISA=1:5000-

10000

Format 0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce

Storage Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When

reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody

is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

Protein Information

Name ATXN7

Synonyms SCA7 {ECO:0000303 | PubMed:9288099}

Function Acts as a component of the SAGA (aka STAGA) transcription coactivator-HAT

complex (PubMed:<u>15932940</u>, PubMed:<u>18206972</u>). Mediates the interaction of SAGA complex with the CRX and is involved in CRX- dependent gene activation (PubMed:<u>15932940</u>, PubMed:<u>18206972</u>). Probably involved in tethering the deubiquitination module within the SAGA complex (PubMed:<u>24493646</u>). Necessary for microtubule cytoskeleton stabilization (PubMed:<u>22100762</u>).

Involved in neurodegeneration (PubMed: 9288099).

Cellular Location [Isoform a]: Nucleus. Nucleus, nucleolus. Nucleus matrix. Cytoplasm,

cytoskeleton. Note=In addition to a diffuse distribution throughout the nucleus, it is associated with the nuclear matrix and the nucleolus

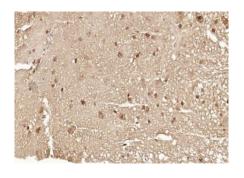
(PubMed:10441328). It is able to shuttle between the nucleus and cytoplasm

(PubMed:16314424)

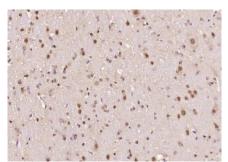
Tissue Location [Isoform a]: Isoform a is expressed in CNS, but is expressed predominantly in

the peripherical tissues

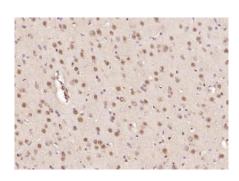
Images



spinal cord); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (Ataxin 7) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (AP54452) at 1:200 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (mouse cerebellum); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (Ataxin 7) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (AP54452) at 1:200 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (rat brain); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (Ataxin 7) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (AP54452) at 1:200 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.