

G6PC Antibody (Center)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP5224c

Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P, FC, E

Primary Accession P35575 Reactivity Human Host Rabbit Clonality Polyclonal Isotype Rabbit IgG **Clone Names** RB30027 **Calculated MW** 40484 **Antigen Region** 123-149

Additional Information

Gene ID 2538

Other Names Glucose-6-phosphatase, G-6-Pase, G6Pase, Glucose-6-phosphatase alpha,

G6Pase-alpha, G6PC, G6PT

Target/Specificity This G6PC antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 123-149 amino acids from the Central

region of human G6PC.

Dilution WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:100~500 FC~~1:10~50 E~~Use at an assay dependent

concentration.

Format Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.05% (V/V) Proclin 300. This

antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation

followed by dialysis against PBS.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions G6PC Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic

or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name G6PC1 (<u>HGNC:4056</u>)

Synonyms G6PC, G6PT

Function Hydrolyzes glucose-6-phosphate to glucose in the endoplasmic reticulum.

Forms with the glucose-6-phosphate transporter (SLC37A4/G6PT) the complex responsible for glucose production in the terminal step of glycogenolysis and gluconeogenesis. Hence, it is the key enzyme in homeostatic regulation of blood glucose levels.

Cellular Location

Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein

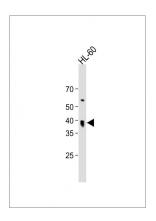
Background

Glucose-6-phosphatase is an integral membrane protein of the endoplasmic reticulum that catalyzes the hydrolysis of D-glucose 6-phosphate to D-glucose and orthophosphate. It is a key enzyme in glucose homeostasis, functioning in gluconeogenesis and glycogenolysis. Defects in the enzyme cause glycogen storage disease type I.

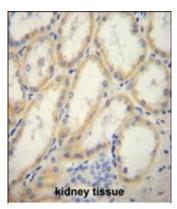
References

Tu, E., et al. Hum. Pathol. 41(3):392-400(2010) Samuel, V.T., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 106(29):12121-12126(2009) Hu, C., et al. Diabetologia 52(3):451-456(2009)

Images

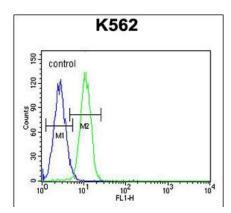


All lanes : Anti-G6PC Antibody (Center) at 1:2000 dilution+HL-60whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 μ g per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated (ASP1615) at 1/15000 dilution. Observed band size : 40kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.



G6PC Antibody (Center) (Cat. #AP5224c) immunohistochemistry analysis in formalin fixed and paraffin embedded human kidney tissue followed by peroxidase conjugation of the secondary antibody and DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of the G6PC Antibody (Center) for immunohistochemistry. Clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

G6PC Antibody (Center) (Cat. #AP5224c) flow cytometric analysis of K562 cells (right histogram) compared to a negative control cell (left histogram).FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.



Citations

- LONP1 ameliorates liver injury and improves gluconeogenesis dysfunction in acute-on-chronic liver failure
- Propionate suppresses hepatic gluconeogenesis via GPR43/AMPK signaling pathway.
- Effects of polysaccharide from the fruiting bodies of Auricularia auricular on glucose metabolism in Co-y-radiated mice.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.