

GPR18 Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)

Catalog # AP51240

Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	Q14330
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	38134

Additional Information

Gene ID	2841
Other Names	N-arachidonyl glycine receptor, NAGly receptor, G-protein coupled receptor 18, GPR18, GPCRW
Target/Specificity	KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the center region of human GPR18. The exact sequence is proprietary.
Dilution	WB~~ 1:1000
Format	0.01M PBS, pH 7.2, 0.09% (W/V) Sodium azide, Glycerol 50%
Storage	Store at -20 °C.Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

Protein Information

Name	GPR18
Synonyms	GPCRW
Function	G protein-coupled receptor (GPCR) that plays a role in diverse physiological processes particularly within the immune and nervous systems (PubMed: 21732409 , PubMed: 26195725). Becomes active when triggered by various endogenous ligands including endocannabinoid N- arachidonyl glycine (NAGly), delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol or resolvin D2/RvD2 derived from the omega-3 fatty acid docosahexaenoic acid (DHA) (PubMed: 16844083 , PubMed: 24762058 , PubMed: 26195725 , PubMed: 27572937). Upon RvD2 binding, facilitates the resolution of inflammation, aiding in tissue repair and homeostasis. Mechanistically, RvD2 ligation initiates Gα _i protein coupling, activation of cAMP-PKA signaling pathway and phosphorylation of STAT3, leading to RvD2-stimulated macrophage phagocytosis (PubMed: 27994074). Mediates NAGly-induced process of reorganization of actin filaments and induction of acrosomal exocytosis (PubMed: 27572937). Activation by

N-arachidonoyl glycine (NAGly) can also induce apoptosis in macrophages (By similarity). Plays a role in homeostasis of CD8+ subsets of intraepithelial lymphocytes (IELs) (CD8alphaalpha and CD8alphabeta IELs) in small intestine by supporting preferential migration of CD8alphaalpha T-cells to intraepithelial compartment over lamina propria compartment, and by mediating their reconstitution into small intestine after bone marrow transplant (By similarity). Also participates in hypotensive responses, mediating reduction in intraocular and blood pressure (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cytoplasmic vesicle membrane

Tissue Location

Expressed in midpiece of spermatozoon (at protein level) (PubMed:27572937). Most abundant in testis and spleen (PubMed:16844083). Highly expressed in CD4 and CD8-positive T-cells as well as CD19-positive B-cells (PubMed:16844083)

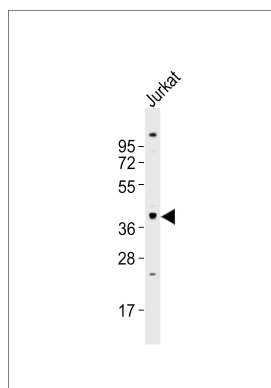
Background

Receptor for N-arachidonoyl glycine. The activity of this receptor is mediated by G proteins which inhibit adenyl cyclase. May contribute to regulation of the immune system.

References

Gantz I.,et al.Genomics 42:462-466(1997).
Kohno M.,et al.Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 347:827-832(2006).
Xu X.,et al.Submitted (MAY-2000) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.
Kalnine N.,et al.Submitted (AUG-2003) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.
Dunham A.,et al.Nature 428:522-528(2004).

Images



Anti-GPR18 Antibody at 1:1000 dilution + Jurkat whole cell lysates Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution Predicted band size : 38 kDa
Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDm/TBST.

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