

DLX5 Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP51165

Product Information

Application WB, IP, ICC, IHC-P

Primary Accession P56178

Reactivity Human, Mouse

HostRabbitClonalityPolyclonalCalculated MW31540

Additional Information

Gene ID 1749

Other Names Homeobox protein DLX-5, DLX5

Target/Specificity KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the center

region of human DLX5. The exact sequence is proprietary.

Dilution WB~~1:1000 IP~~N/A ICC~~N/A IHC-P~~N/A

Format 0.01M PBS, pH 7.2, 0.09% (W/V) Sodium azide, Glycerol 50%

Storage Store at -20 °C.Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

Protein Information

Name DLX5

Function Transcriptional factor involved in bone development. Acts as an immediate

early BMP-responsive transcriptional activator essential for osteoblast differentiation. Stimulates ALPL promoter activity in a RUNX2-independent manner during osteoblast differentiation. Stimulates SP7 promoter activity during osteoblast differentiation. Promotes cell proliferation by up-regulating

MYC promoter activity. Involved as a positive regulator of both

chondrogenesis and chondrocyte hypertrophy in the endochondral skeleton. Binds to the homeodomain-response element of the ALPL and SP7 promoter. Binds to the MYC promoter. Requires the 5'-TAATTA-3' consensus sequence

for DNA-binding.

Cellular Location Nucleus {ECO:0000255 | PROSITE-ProRule:PRU00108}.

Background

Transcriptional factor involved in bone development. Acts as an immediate early BMP-responsive transcriptional activator essential for osteoblast differentiation. Stimulates ALPL promoter activity in a RUNX2-independent manner during osteoblast differentiation. Stimulates SP7 promoter activity during osteoblast differentiation. Promotes cell proliferation by up-regulating MYC promoter activity. Involved as a positive regulator of both chondrogenesis and chondrocyte hypertrophy in the endochondral skeleton. Binds to the homeodomain-response element of the ALPL and SP7 promoter. Binds to the MYC promoter. Requires the 5'-TAATTA-3' consensus sequence for DNA-binding.

References

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Hillier L.W., et al. Nature 424:157-164(2003).
Simeone A., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 91:2250-2254(1994).
Willis D.M., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 277:37280-37291(2002).
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